The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, THURSDAY MARCH 27, 1902 XL—NO 1

A NEW INDUSTRY.

Baking Powder Concern for Canal Fulton.

BLANKS ARE THE ORGANIZERS.

Will Buy Out the Bernower Company, of Canton, and Will Merge with the French Cereal Company — News of Newman, Orrville, Wilmot and Other Places.

Canal Fulton, March 26—The Canal Fulton Cereal Coffee and Baking Powder Company, a new concern organized by Peter and William Blank, has obtained an option on the plant and business of the Bernower Baking Powder Company, of Canton. Arrangements are being made for the removal of the Bernower plant to this place April 1, at which time this concern will be merged with the French Cereal Company, of this place, also an enterprise of the Blanks. The council has granted the new company a twenty-five year lease on property in Cherry street owned by the town. The consideration is the cost of constructing a sewer through the lot. A two-story building is to be erected, and employment will be given ten people.

The erection of the elevator in connection with the plant of the Pioneer Cereal Company here has been commenced. The elevator will be 55 feet high, and will stand on the north side of the mill. Another addition is to be made to the mill on the south side.

NEWMAN.

Newman, March 26—George Williams is making a success of teaching the "young ideas how to shoot" in district No. 3.

Mrs. John Dodd returned home from Salem last week, after adjusting her personal affairs in the estate.

James Cooney has been on the sick list for some time but has so far improved as to be able to get around again.

Miss Elizabeth Ralston, of Cleveland, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ralston, Sunday.

Benjamin Hall, of Massillon, was in our village last Saturday. Mr. Hall is one of the oldest coal mine engineers in the Massillon district.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Pollock, Mr. and Mrs. William Brogden, and Miss Jennie Pollock, of North Lawrence, called on their Newman friends last Saturday.

Mrs. William Findlay and daughter Margaret spent Monday with friends in Massillon.

Mr. Brushrown, of Massillon, was in our village Monday taking orders for rural free delivery boxes. Most of our people declined to purchase until the order is received to discontinue the Newman postoffice.

John Prosser, while shoeing one of Coxey's wild horses in some sort of a rigging, had his right foot badly squeezed by the breaking of a portion of the machinery. Fortunately no bones are broken.

The engineers' settlement, as reported, is considered by our people a glorious victory and in accordance with justice and equity.

L. P. Slusser, of Massillon, who is a candidate for the appointment of deputy inspector for shops and factories, called on his Newman friends Monday.

Ben Jones and Moody Murray, of North Lawrence, were seen in our village for a short time Monday evening.

Mrs. Alice Pence, nee Bell, who is now engaged in the hotel business at Cleveland, was the guest of the Prosser family part of last week. She is much pleased with her new location.

Now is a good time to do the necessary plowing on the public roads, opening up the ditches and have the proper drainage for the wet weather, and thereby avoid sink holes. A few dollars spent now is money well invested. A ten dollar bill from Tuscarawas township trustees would do a wonderful amount of good on their portion of road between this place and Massillon, but then they simply wont do it for some reason best known to themselves.

April 1st will bring a great many changes among our farming tenants.

Mr. Arntz and family, of Canal Fulton, has moved into the David George property. He is employed as blacksmith at the White Oak coal mine.

ORRVILLE.

Orrville, March 26.—Mrs. J. M. Taylor visited in Massillon several days last week.

Guy McDowell, of this city, but now the efficient teacher in the Silver Hill district, was granted a three-year teacher's certificate at the last examination in reading, grammar and arithmetic. He secured a grade of 98 per cent.

The son of George Fike, residing four miles west of here, has been sick with a light attack of smallpox. He was one of the scholars exposed in the Center school house a month ago. He was vaccinated after the first case was found but the vacine did not work properly. No other cases have developed.

George Gardner, who served in the Philippines two years, is expected home today, having been discharged from the United States army.

WILMOT.

Wilmot, March 26.—A number of our people were at Strasburg Saturday and Monday.

W. S. Ellis attended a sale at Winesburg Saturday.

Clarence Spidell and family have moved again to Massillon after a short residence in Dennison.

The Rev. Mr. Spreng's father left for his home at Dayton on Friday. He will stop over at Shreve for a few days.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Navarre, March 23.—Both the Republicans and Democrats held their primary elections Saturday. There were but two Republican contests. William Keplinger was nominated for marshal over James Hay. J. H. Thomas and Herman Bloch were nominated for members of the school board. The other candidates were C. A. Weidman and J. M. Corl.

The Democratic contests were for the nominations for township trustees and members of the school board. J. Heinbuch and Mayor Warwick were named for members of the board of education over William Dretka and John Adley. J. Beezle was nominated for trustee over D. Bordner.

CAMPCREEK.

Campcreek, March 25.—John Berg, contractor for bridge work, will begin work on the C., L. & W., cut-off between Navarre station and Columbia, some time during this week.

Next Friday will close school at Cross Roads. The scholars will then enjoy a five months' vacation.

Orlando Keller moved his household goods and farming implements to the Leiter farm, near Navarre, last Thursday.

Mrs. Sara Lonas visited at C. M. Poorman's residence last Friday.

Last Sunday marked the third year of the Rev. Mr. Berry's pastorship at Cross Road.

McDONALDSVILLE.

McDonaldsville, March 25.—J. O. Surbey, a teacher of this place, has moved to Akron to engage in the grocery business.

The Jr. O. U. A. M. social on Saturday evening was a success in every way.

Aaron Stoner is on the sick list.

There will be an Easter entertainment at the U. B. church at this place on Sunday morning.

Daniel Garmon will move to Mr. Bair's farm this week.

Thomas Griffin has moved to S. C. Scheimer's farm.

"Dad" Meiner's little girl is doing well, and "Dad" wears a broad smile.

A number of our people went to Millport on Thursday to hear the replevin case of Mrs. Bahr against Mr. Keck, constable. The case was decided in favor of Mr. Keck.

Miss Etta Jackson, who was taken to the hospital in Akron to have her leg amputated, will return home this week. The operation was a complete success.

BENTLEY.

Bentley, March 26.—Farmers are beginning their spring plowing.

The winter term of school closed last Friday. Miss Muskoff, the primary teacher, has gone home for a week, when she will begin the summer term.

The literary society held a special closing session last Friday evening, which was very largely attended.

The Sunday school will give a special Easter exercise next Sunday morning.

This spring witnesses many movings.

Henry Eckhert has moved to Bert Shilling's new farm.

Samuel Kandel moved to the John Steele property on Wednesday.

Mr. Nussbaum is moving on the Pille farm.

Mr. Meyers has moved to the property owned formerly by the late Jeremiah Sowers, which Mr. Meyers has purchased

Mr. Shupe, of West Brookfield, has moved to Mrs. Short's property.

What is probably the worst spot in the roads of Tuscarawas township is the C., L. & W. crossing, near the Woodland mine. The grading on the road was never finished, so that there is a sudden dip of several feet in coming onto the track. Several horses have come very near breaking their legs by getting their feet caught between the rail and the crossing planks. Then the cars are frequently left standing so that they all but obstruct the road. The team belonging to O. P. Brady, our rural carrier, became frightened at one of these, this week, and ran away, doing considerable damage to the wagon. It is difficult to see how Mr. Brady escaped as easily as he did.

STANWOOD.

Stanwood, March 27.—Mrs. E. S. Miller is reported as being seriously ill.

Willard Stoner, of Pulaski, was a visitor at this place over Sunday.

The band will give a concert at this place on Saturday evening, April 5. Band members are rehearsing some beautiful music for the occasion and bid fair to give a concert second to none. All are cordially invited to be present.

Miss Zella Oberlin is much improved after a week's siege of lung fever.

Frank Spiker, of Uhrichsville, agent for the International Correspondence Schools, was seen here Tuesday.

Revival meetings are still in progress at this place. Up to this time eight conversions have resulted.

Albert Brinker was indisposed last week, but is able to be out again.

SIXTEEN.

Sixteen, March 27.—Easter exercises will be held at the church on Sunday, March 30, at 10 o'clock.

Alex Shanklin has moved his saw mill to Bert Shilling' woods.

A successful term of school closed on Friday of last week. Mr. H. R. Warner and Miss Vesta Muskoff were the teachers

The "literary" held at the school house on Friday evening was very well attended and a very interesting programme was rendered.

Mrs. William Miller, with her son, Earl, visited several days last week with her parents, near Wilmot.

Matthew Wilson and family visited at Jacob Yost's residence on Sunday.

Mrs. William Levers and daughter, Lota, spent Wednesday at Per Lee Levers' residence south of Massillon.

Charles Oberlin is very busy boiling maple syrup.

PREPARING FOR GREAT STRIKE.

U. M. W. of A. Officials Accumulating a Large Fund.

Indianapolis, March 26.—The United Mine Workers of America, whose national offices are in Indianapolis, have for some time been making preparations for trouble in both the Pennsylvania anthracite region and the bituminous fields of West Virginia and Virginia, and it is said that the organization is in better position than ever before to make a fight for recognition. The January convention of the miners in Indianapolis empowered the national executive board to levy a strike assessment of 10 cents a month a member. The board met immediately following the adjournment of the joint conference of the miners and operators and no time was lost in ordering the special assessment. The first returns are now coming in at the national headquarters. It is expected that this source alone will net the organization for strike purposes something like $25,000 or $30,000 a month, as it is understood that over 250,000 men are paying the assessment.

Last year the national organization expended $220,000 in carrying on strikes. In addition to this the locals in many districts subscribed to the strike fund without reporting to the national headquarters. In this way probably $50,000 was spent. It has been evident for some time that the officials of the national organization have been laboring under unusual strain. They feel that a critical period for their organization, the largest body of union men in the world, has arrived and that its future depends largely on the outcome of the present negotiations in Pennsylvania and the Virginias.

FORAKER'S CHANCES.

Compact Between the Senator and President Roosevelt.

Columbus, March 26.—The repeated declarations of Senator J. B. Foraker for Roosevelt for President in 1094 is not a one-sided proposition. This was developed by the visit of Senator Foraker here. There is a compact between Foraker and Roosevelt. It is this: If Roosevelt cannot reach it he will throw his entire influence in the next national convention to Foraker for the nomination for President. Then, in case Roosevelt should be able to land the nomination next time he is pledged to use the influence of his next administration to secure the nomination for Foraker in 1908. Thus Foraker has two chances to Roosevelt's one; 1908 seems a long time hence, yet Foraker will, if he lives, be only 62 then.

Public Sale.

Thomas Lister, of West Lebanon, whose wife died on March 5, will sell all his household goods, farm machinery and some live stock, on Monday, March 31, at Mrs. Beal's property, West Lebanon, O. Mr. Lister will go to Salem and all goods must positively be sold.

HALF NOT TOLD.

Canton Ministers' View of County Infirmary.

THEIR REPORT GIVEN IN FULL.

The Rooms Are Found to be Old, Dingy, Unsanitary and Cheerless—Remedy Needed at Once—Meeting of Miners and Operators of Tuscarawas District.

Canton, March 25.—A party of ministers, members of the Canton Ministerial Association, spent several hours Monday afternoon viewing the county infirmary surroundings and inspecting the buildings. The ministers were invited to visit the institution by the county commissioners and were shown about the premises by Superintendent Henry W. Bixler. After taking in the sights the ministers adopted a report in which they state the conditions existing as they found them, and recommending that better accommodations be provided for caring for the inmates. Their visit was made for the purpose of seeing the institution and also on account of the question of the levying of an infirmary tax of $10,000 for the erection of a new building, which proposition will be submitted to the voters at the election April 7, 1902. The report of the ministers is as follows:

"After a visit to the Stark county infirmary, we feel that the impressions made upon our minds are painful to the extreme. Only time with its many cares and duties will be able to erase them. As one of our number said, it can all be summed up in these words, 'The half was never told.'

"In looking through the old building which was erected in 1842, in which are found the superintendent's home and office and also many rooms for the aged and infirm, as well as the dining hall, we feel that to say that it is simply an 'old shack' is but a feeble description. To think for a moment that the good people of Stark county will allow those who are less fortunate than themselves to be housed in such a place is a travesty upon the word charity. The old, dingy, cheerless, unsanitary rooms, the in-ground sewer system which furnishes good source for disease germs, the crowded condition of the inmates; the decayed and dangerous conditon of the old buildings and the unhappy looks of the poor, all appeal in tones louder than human speech and show man's inhumanity to man.' It is gross injustice to the superintendent and his helpers, as well as those under their charge, to ask them to live in such unmviting, rickety, dangerous, disease-breeding surroundings.

"There are a number of small old frame buildings near this one which are even worse. These buildings are hardly one and a half stories high. Their little black attics are crowded with beds, which in itself is contrary to the laws of health and happiness. We all were made heartsick to witness these scenes and conditions in a county of international fame and of such great wealth as Stark. No man will argue or vote against a ten thousand dollar infirmary tax (or even more) for a new building if he will go and see for himself. The hospital and building for the insane are also overcrowded. If this is not truly a pathological condition of society that needs remedying at once, then the term 'common brotherhood of man' is a farce and inhumanity a blessing. God pity the poor of Stark county and help every voter to see their needs at present.

"We desire to say, however, that Superintendent Bixler is proving himself the man for the place and is doing all in his power to make it as comfortable as possible for the unfortunate. Even by doing his best he can accomplish but little under such conditions. We kindly appeal to every true citizen of Stark county for the careful consideration of this question.

Respectfully,

O. W. Holmes,	O. B. Milligan,
C. B. Allen,	Walter Kling,
J. C. Hanley,	T. M. Hare,
Edward Bell,	C. W. Brewbaker,

J. T. Bucher, Osnaburg.

MINERS' MEETING.

A meeting of the committee of miners and operators appointed at the recent convention of the miners and operators of the Tuscarawas district, composed of Carroll and Tuscarawas counties, and part of Stark county was held in Canton, Monday, for the settlement of the machine scale of mining, which was not settled at the convention. But three mines are involved in this matter, and they are at Magnolia, Linden Tree and Sherrodsville. The miners ask for a uniform scale on the basis of the Sherrodsville scale, which is considerably higher than that of the other two.

The joint conference failed to reach a decision on the scale at two sessions. Monday, and met again at 8 o'clock this, Tuesday, morning. The following were present: Operators—Frank MacIntosh, A. K. Brewster, William Maloney, W. L. Davis and W. H. Steiner; miners—L. M. Beatty, L. Shadager and Alexander Smith.

A FIRE MILES LONG

Acres of Dry Grass Burned North of Here.

A BARN DESTROYED AT FULTON.

Every Building but the Residence on the Farm of Christian Luther Ruined — Hundreds of Bushels of Wheat and Oats Destroyed — Most of Live Stock Saved.

Miles of dry grass north of Massillon, along the Massillon & Cleveland and the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railways, have burned during the past few days. In some cases fences have been destroyed, and barns and houses threatened at times. The fires originated from sparks from passing locomotives. The grass, burning almost as far as the eye could see, on either slide of the C., L. & W. railway, the other night, presented an interesting scene to passengers on trains. Some of the pasengers who owned property in the north part of the town felt some alarm, but the trainmen assured them that there was no danger, that the fire is a regular spring occurrence and that men were seeing that it was kept within certain limits.

A FIRE AT FULTON.

Canal Fulton, March 26.—The barn and outbuildings on the farm of Christian Luther, a half-mile north of town, were totally destroyed by fire Wednesday morning. Several hundred bushels of wheat and oats were burned with the buildings. All the live stock was saved except three calves, which perished. The origin of the fire is not known.

MINERS MEET AT BRIDGEPORT.

Trouble Anticipated in Reaching an Agreement.

Bridgeport, O., March 26. The conference of miners and operators of the Fifth Ohio subdistrict to adjust scales covering local conditions opened here yesterday and will likely be in session all week. The presence of National Vice President Lewis and all state officers combined with the fact that the operators will demand Pittsburg conditions indicate a hitch. The operators will present their scale today.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Massillon Woman is Granted a Divorce.

Canton, March 26.—Ella Hose, of Massillon, was granted a decree in divorce from Albert Hose, by Judge Ambler Tuesday afternoon. The plaintiff was also restored to her former name of Ella Elliff. Hose is at present serving a term in the penitentiary for house breaking and grand larceny. Attorney R. H. Day represented the plaintiff.

Isadore Sands, secretary of the Canton Wholesale Notion Company, appeared before Auditor W. M. Reed and Tax Inquisitor Bowman at the auditor's office, Tuesday afternoon, relative to the return of the company on the tax duplicate. The matter of an additional return was discussed but no agreement was reached. The matter will also be taken up today.

The case of John Carnes against James Gallagher was resumed in common pleas court room No. 1, before Judge Harter and a jury, Wednesday morning. The case will hardly be concluded today. Carnes sues for $100 damages in a controversy over a line fence.

The case of Margaret Koser against the Fidelity Building and Loan Company, was tried before Judge Ambler and a jury in common pleas court, room No. 2, Wednesday morning. Mrs. Koser brought suit for $205 damages alleging that the company failed to cancel a mortgage when payment was made and by reason thereof she was handicapped in a deal. The case went to the jury about 10:30 o'clock. Attorney W. O. Werntz represented the plaintiff and Attorney D. W. Shetler the defendant company. The jury returned a verdict of $200 for the plaintiff.

LAY ALONE AND IN DIRE WANT.

Pitiful Condition of Aged Colored Man.

RELIEVED BY THE TRUSTEES.

Frederick Thompson, Living for Weeks on the Scrapings of Cracker Barrels, at Last Breaks Down—Went Hungry Himself That the Horse Might Eat.

It seem almosst incredible that anyone should want in these times of plenty, but if Frederick Thompson, an aged colored man, living alone in Jarvis avenue, had died during the past few weeks, when even the physicians feared he would, his death would have been due to starvation. Thompson is better now, and will soon have entirely recovered. The township trustees have provided him with nourishing food and medical attendance.

Trustee Elsass first learned of Thompson's pitiable condition several weeks ago. The old man, weak almost to the point of helplessnes, had nothing to eat in the house but some scrapings from cracker barrels, which he had accumulated during h's days of health. He told Mr. Elsass that he had not had a substantial meal in several months, but, though working hard every day, he had attempted to exist on such scraps as he could pick up here and there.

Thompson has a horse and wagon, and does odd jobs of hauling. The shanty in which he lives is divided into two rooms. In one, Thompson eats and sleeps. The other is the horse's. The horse, the trustees found, is in much better physical condition than its master. Thompson admitted that he had often spent his last cent for feed for the horse and gone hungry himself. "Harry, that's my horse," he said, "he had to live 'cause if he wa'nt strong, then ole man could'nt do nothin'. Ole man could be hungry and work jess the same, but horse had to have his oats and hay else he couldn't work at all."

The trustees want Thompson to go to the infirmary but he insists on being permitted to end his days in Massillon.

Thompson is one of the oldest men in the city. Nobody knows how old he is. He does not know himself. He was once a prosperous dealer in old iron and bones, but his inability to figure and his confidence in persons unworthy made him poor. He has also had much matrimonial trouble. One of his wives, running away with another man, carried with her about the last of the savings of Thompson.

WAGES ADVANCED.

C., L. & W. Employes on Level with B. & O. Main Line.

Wheeling, March 26.—Representatives of the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railway, in a conference with the officials of the Baltimore & Ohio Railway Company, today, succeeded in getting an advance in wages of employes of the B & O.'s branch lines to correspond with those paid on the main line. Engineers and conductors will get an advance of from 25 to 50 cents per day, and brakemen will receive 25 cents additional, with overtime after ten hours.

THE ALLIANCE STRIKE.

State Board of Arbitration is Now Investigating.

Alliance, March 26.— Chairman Owen and Secretary Bishop, of the state board of arbitration, spent Tuesday in this city getting information regarding the differences existing between the Morgan Engineering Company and the machinists who are out. Early in the morning nineteen workmen from Philadelphia and Pittsburg arrived and were put to work at the shop. Five of the number, however, quit work before noon, saying the situation had been misrepresented to them by an employing bureau. They came with the understanding that there was no trouble here. It is stated that the Morgan company has received a good proposition to consolidate with a large shop in Cleveland. Also an offer to locate at Canton.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Jas. B. Smith, late of Stark County, Ohio, deceased
Dated the 10th day of March, 1902
HARVEY B. SMITH,
Administrator

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BOOKED FOR DEFEAT.

Canal Abandonment Proposition and the Municipal Code Doomed.

SUBSTITUTE DRAWN FOR FORMER.

Features of the Primary Elections Bill—Habitual Criminal Act—Fire Insurance Legislation—Livestock Commission Threatened.

Columbus, O., March 22.—[Special.]—There is no longer question than two of the important measures which have occupied the attention of the general assembly are booked for defeat. These are the canal abandonment bill and the municipal code. What looked like a probability early in the week is a certainty now. Neither of them can pass. There will be no substitute offered for the municipal code, but a substitute for the canal bill will be introduced and passed. This substitute has been drawn by Former Senator Seiber, of Akron, an advocate of canals, if not always of water. It provides for the perpetual continuance of the Miami and Erie canal in its entirety, and for the Ohio and Erie from Cleveland to Dresden—the northern half. The southern half of this canal from Dresden to Portsmouth is to be continued pending an investigation of a commission to be appointed by the governor which will report upon the advisability of either continuing it in perpetuity or abandoning it and when. This report will not be submitted for some time and cannot be acted upon by the legislature until the session of two years hence. But the fact that the canals are not to be abandoned does not imply that the board of public works will be continued. There is a likelihood of dispensing with this portion of the public service by cutting down the appropriation for the payment of salaries to such a figure as to take away all the attractiveness of the office. While the constitution provides for the board and it could not be abolished with a constitutional amendment there might be difficulty in finding members at a $1 a year salary, and that is what is contemplated. There are more ways than one of getting rid of an officer who is not wanted.

* * *

The first primary election bill of the session has been passed by the house and needs only senate confirmation to become a law. It was introduced by Representative Ackerman of Greene, who as a reformer is scoring quite a record. This new measure strengthens the present law relating to the punishment of fraud at primaries. Now, the only person who can be held accountable for this offense is the man who buys the vote or influence of a primary voter. The judges and clerks of election can assist in the casting of a fraudulent vote, and the law cannot touch them. Mr. Ackerman's bill provides that the judge clerk or other officer of a primary election who receives or sanctions the reception of a fraudulent vote if he does it knowingly—shall be fined from $50 to $1000, and gives rest in a prison cell from three months to one year. The provisions of the bill are so specific that there can be no misreading them. They class as fraudulent the refusal to accept a ballot where the voter has all the qualifications as well as the acceptance of a ballot from an illegal voter. Alterations of poll-books, ballots or tally sheets form an offense under the bill. It further allows any candidate to have two witnesses in the booth at a primary.

* * *

What, by students of criminology, has long been considered a somewhat barbarous law will undoubtedly be repealed—the house having placed upon it the stamp of disapproval. This is what is known as the habitual criminal act, permitting an offender to be kept in the penitentiary for life, following his third conviction and sentence to that institution. Mayor Golden Rule Jones, of Toledo, has long been in opposition to the bill and in his efforts to repeal it has been assisted by Warden Darby of the penitentiary and workers in prison reform. The law, it is claimed, has worked a great injustice, failing to reach the hardened criminals at which it was aimed, but often affecting those of less offensive character. Instances without number to prove this can be cited where men for committing petty crimes three times are now serving life imprisonment.

* * *

There is a determined and a definite purpose on the part of the senate and the sentiment is infecting the house, to do away with the passage of local bills permitting municipalities to issue bonds. Those attorneys in both branches who have given the matter any attention are unanimous in their opinion that such laws are unconstitutional and will not stand the test of supreme court scrutiny. Indeed, the court in several decisions has made plain its feeling in such matters. The plan is to prepare and have passed a general bill relating to bond issues and applying to all municipalities. This would do away with any charge of unconstitutionality and answer the purpose no less well.

* * *

A number of Ohio counties which under the present law are grouped together and thus often have no representative in the lower house of the general assembly, have protested so long and so loud that finally their cry has reached Macedonia—which in this case is the legislature. A resolution has been prepared and passed by the house—it will also pass the senate—providing that there be submitted to the people at the next general election a constitutional amendment giving to each county in the state at least one member in the house. This would add eight members and make the total membership 118. This contention is no new one. It has been up time and again, but until now it never received definite attention.

* * *

While the Patterson bill relating to the Boxwell law will be made into a law, it will be much amended from the original draft. As finally enacted it will provide that questions at examinations shall be uniform throughout the state and prepared by the commissioner of common schools. It will further definitely set the time and prescribe the manner for conducting the examinations and give to each member of a county board of examiners $10 a day for attendance at commencements. The closing provision is the one of the most importance to students and makes a Boxwell certificate good for admittance into any high school in the state.

* * *

Members from counties where their constituents are insisting upon bills placing county officials on a salary, are not disposed to move rapidly in the matter. The action of the judiciary committee of the house in declaring unconstitutional the Franklin county salary bill, which was drawn by able lawyers, as well as the rumor that the supreme court will hold all bills of a similar charcter to be contrary to law, has caused members to be wary and cautious. While it will not come during this session, the ultimate outcome is sure to be, providing any action is taken, a general law touching all counties and placing officials on a salary commensurate with their duties.

* * *

Mr. Fisher, of Medina, who bobbed up a short time ago as the new orator of the house, has now come forward as the originator of a new plan by which the spread of tuberculosis and other infectious diseases pertaining to cattle may be much reduced, if not entirely done away with. His idea is to entirely abolish the state live stock commission and place its power in the state board of agriculture, allowing the members of the latter $3 per diem for each day actually employed. The board is to be given full and unlimited authority to inspect cattle and to kill such as are found to be the victims of a disease, while the governor is empowered by proclamation to prohibit the importation of cattle into Ohio from affected districts. To assist in the carrying on of this work the board is authorized to employ a veterinarian and establish his salary, all of which is very good except that the salary of the latter should be determined by the legislature.

* * *

Representative McNamee, of Franklin, who is the Moses now leading the people out of bondage, is opposed to tax inquisitors on both private and public grounds. He wants them all abandoned as good St. Patrick banished the snakes from Ireland. "Away with them all," says Mr. McNamee, "they do no good, and suiting his action to his word, he has drafted a bill that, if passed, will make the office of tax inquisitor but a dream of the past. Mr. McNamee, by the way, is gaining a reputation as a humorist. His is the native wit of the genuine product of the "Green Isle." Guerin, of Erie, ran against one of his buzz-saw answers the other day and came out with the laugh against him. It was on the discussion of some bill during which Guerin asked if certain lawyers had not appeared before judiciary committee in defense of the measure for pay. McNamee was on his feet in an instant. "I resent the insinuation," he shouted, "and would inform the gentleman from Erie that there are still a few lawyers with a high sense of honor and deep feelings of patriotism." Guerin is a lawyer himself, and felt the thrust, but he made no reply except to go on with his argument, which by the way, was an able one, a thing for which he is becoming noted.

* * *

Senator Hosea's bill to establish a uniform fire insurance policy is found to be more sweeping in its provisions than first glance would indicate. Not only would it provide a uniform policy such as the New York standard, but it would also repeal the valued policy act, the anti-co-insurance law and the county appraiser's law, together with placing one-half the cost for the appraising of loss after fire upon the policy holders. The senator himself probably did not know quite what the law did. Certainly Mr. Hypes, who introduced a similar bill in the house, did not, but both are daily gaining knowledge through the flood of protests which they receive.

* * *

The agitation for an executive mansion is to be revived. Recent visits of legislators to other states where fine gubernatorial mansions were shown them has created in them a pardonable pride that Ohio may have the same. Mr. Metzger, of Stark, will probably introduce a bill setting aside $100,000 for the purpose of purchasing a site and erecting a suitable house. It is believed that sufficient sentiment prevails in the general assembly to carry it through.

* * *

This is the time for legislative committees to take themselves away. The finance and public works committee of the house, and the finance committee of the senate are all away on jaunts, and will not return to work before Monday. These are the last to be made before the finance committees prepare the general appropriation bill and submit it. GEORGE U. MARVIN.

35,000 MAY STRIKE.

Men Likely to be Called Out In West Virginia and Virginia.

CONFERENCE MAY PREVENT IT.

Believed One Will Be Held Between Operators and Miners—Organizers May Be Sent Into the New and Kanawha Fields.

Charleston, W. Va., March 24.—The announcement of Secretary-Treasurer W. B. Wilson, of the United Mine Workers of America, that a strike would likely be called soon of the 35,000 miners in this state and Virginia, caused no surprise here, where both sides seem to be anticipating it. It is believed that a conference between the operators and the miners of the two states will soon be held, although there are reports that the demands of the miners may be made without further conference. Representatives of the operators have been here for the past two days from the Kanawha, New and Elk river districts.

Among other matters discussed was the purpose of the United Mine Workers to send organizers into the New and Kanawha fields to organize the miners. The United Mine Workers' organization has never been recognized in either of these fields, and the situation is causing the operators uneasiness. The operators also discussed car supply and wages for the coming year, and a committee was appointed to meet a committee of the West Virginia miners' association with the view of arranging the wage scale.

MAY WARD OFF STRIKE.

Effort to Be Made to Have Anthracite Convention Adjourn Without a Declaration.

Shamokin, Pa., March 14.—From an official source it was learned yesterday that an effort will be made today to adjourn the joint convention of districts Nos. 1, 7 and 9, United Mine Workers of America, without committing the delegates to a strike declaration.

At a meeting which began at 11 o'clock Saturday night and continued until early Sunday morning the special committee appointed on Saturday formulated a resolution which, the leaders hope, will satisfy both radical and conservative delegates. The committee, which consists of President Mitchell, District Presidents Nichols, Fahey and Dailey and the three district vice presidents, held another session last night.

The report of the committee will take the form of a resolution, the principal clause of which, it is authoritatively stated, will recommend the appointment of a committee to present to the operators the demand of the convention. Incorporated in the report are a number of resolutions adopted during the week, in addition to these made public by President Mitchell. All of these resolutions, it is stated, contain a strike declaration, effective April 1, but they were made subject to the resolution of the special committee report, which, so far as could be learned, does not declare for a strike. All of these demands made in the scale committee report are also embodied in the resolution, but the statement is made that only two of these—an eight-hour working day and the weighing of coal wherever practicable—will be insisted upon if the convention adopts the resolution. Should the report prove satisfactory the convention is expected to select a committee composed of others than officers of the union.

In the event of the operators refusing to recognize the committee it is within the province of the district presidents to declare a strike after receiving the sanction of the national executive board. When asked last night if the above statements were correct President Mitchell did not deny them but declined to discuss the subject. The entire matter now rests with the delegates and it is possible the convention may not approve the resolutions.

OVER 16,000 MAY GO OUT.

Lowell, Mass., Threatened With One of Greatest Strikes In It's History.

Lowell, Mass., March 24.—Lowell is threatened with one of the greatest strikes in its history as a result of the communication sent to the textile union by the mill agents in reply to the official demand of that body for an advance in wages for the textile operatives of the city. The communication was read at the meeting of the textile council yesterday afternoon and was a positive unconditional refusal of the demands. It was not a joint note, but each agent answered for himself. The language, however was identical. It is believed that the note was framed at a meeting of the mill officials in Boston last Thursday night.

The increase demanded was to have gone into effect today, but because of the delay in the reply the various unions represented in the central body have not had an opportunity to express their views on the new aspect

A Good Hearted Man,

or in other words, men with good sound hearts, are not very numerous. The increasing number of sudden deaths from heart disease daily chronicled by the press, is proof of the alarming prevalence of this dangerous complaint, and as no one can foretell just when a fatal collapse will occur, the danger of neglecting treatment is certainly a very risky matter. If you are short of breath, have pain in left side, smothering spells, palpitation, unable to lie on side, especially the left, you should begin taking

J. A. Kreamer.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.

J. A. Kreamer of Arkansas City, Kans., says: "My heart was so bad it was impossible for me to lie down, and I could neither sleep nor rest. My decline was rapid, and I realized I must get help soon. I was advised to try Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, which I did, and candidly believe it saved my life."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists on guarantee.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

NOT GOOD FOR ALL.

Each Individual is Not Bound to Marry.

FATHER KAEMPKER'S SERMON.

At St. Mary's church Sunday evening the Rev. H. V. Kaempker delivered the last of his series of Lenten sermons, before the largest congregation which has yet greeted him. The text was taken from the first and second verses of the second chapter of John: "There was a marriage at Cana and the mother of Jesus was there and Jesus and his desciples were also invited to the marriage."

Father Kaempker said in part: "As the human race is to be continued by man and woman standing to each other in that sacramental relation called marriage, it is interesting from a religious standpoint to enquire, 'Are all men and women bound by the laws and divine precept to enter that state?' Looking at the matter from a purely natural standpoint it must be admitted that, if the law of self-preservation is binding upon the individual it is also binding upon the race, but it does not follow from that that each individual is bound to marry. It is not desirable that many individuals should marry. For instance the sickly would be likely to transmit to their offspring their bodily afflictions, and habitual criminals would be likely to transmit their tendency to vice. Those who are mentally and morally sound must be left free to choose between the married and single state so long as a sufficient number is found willing to carry on the continuance of the human race. The text from Genesis, 'Increase and multiply,' does not contain a precept, but a blessing bestowing fruitfulness upon the marriage of Adam and Eve, for in the same chapter God says the same word to the fishes and birds, which cannot contain a precept."

Father Kaempker then showed the wisdom of deliberate and thoughtful action in selecting a life partner and the unhappiness which often results from a hasty marriage.

Strikes a Rich Find.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J Green, of Lancaster, N. H., "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by Z. T. Baltzly.

Working 24 Hours a Day.

There's no rest for those tireless little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always busy, curing Torpid Liver, Jaundice, Biliousness, Fever and Ague. They banish Sick Headache, drive out Malaria. Never gripe or weaken. Small, taste nice, work wonders. Try them. 25c at Z. T. Baltzly's.

Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but, when all other medicines failed, three $1 00 bottles of Dr King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles Price 50c and $1 00 Trial bottles free at Z. T Baltzly's drug store.

UNION OF CHURCHES.

The North and South M. E. Branches May Arrange to Work Together.

A JOINT COMMISSION MET.

Northern General Conference to Be Urged to Accept Plan For Federation In Several Branches of Church Work—Church South Agreed.

Baltimore, March 24.—As a result of the meeting here of a joint commission of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, the general conference of the northern church will be urged to adopt at its next meeting a plan for federation in several branches of work.

The adoption of this plan will result in a consolidation of mission work and the publishing houses at Shanghai, China, the publication of a union paper in Mexico, and the preparation of a union hymn book, common catechism and common order of public worship.

The northern commissioners acknowledge that their church made a mistake in beginning the work of a revision of the hymn book without first inviting an equal committee from the southern church. It has therefore been decided that the work of revision must begin over again.

The plan of federation has already been adopted by the general conference of the southern church.

GOD PRESERVED THE MISSION.

Flood Waters Rose All Around, but Were Kept Out of Mission Rooms.

Pittsburg, March 24.—Rev. Ralph Elliott, of the McKees Rocks mission, preached at the mission rooms, Chartiers avenue, yesterday afternoon on "A Miracle." The sermon was founded on an incident of the recent flood. Mr. Elliott told how the waters rose four inches above the floor of the mission, and that every other place on the same level in the district was flooded, but the water did not enter the mission room.

When he went to the mission the morning after the flood subsided, he told how the floor was dry, while the marks outside the door showed that the water was four inches above the floor. While there are a number of skeptics in the town, the incident is believed by some to be a wonderful miracle of Divine origin, and a large crowd assembled to hear Rev. Mr. Elliott's discourse yesterday afternoon.

CHAPLAIN ADDED BATTLESHIP

To Russian Navy by Religious Services, at Cramps' Ship Yard, Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, March 24.—The big battleship Retvizan, which has just been completed for the Russian government at Cramps' shipyard, was officially added to the czar's navy yesterday and the regular routine of a man-of-war began on the ship. The ceremony was simple, and was conducted by Father Ratskowfsky, the ship's chaplain. The crew of 750 men and officers were lined up on the main deck with bared heads as the services of the Greek church were read, after which, at a signal from Captain Stchensnovitch, the Retvizan's commander, the blue cross of St. Andrew was hoisted at the stern. Soon after the ceremony had been concluded the battleship was hauled into midstream by four tugs and will sail for Cronstadt about April 12.

RIOTING IN BELGIUM.

Suffrage Advocates Use Dynamite—A Big Parade.

Brussels, March 24.—The Liberals and the Socialists, including many members of the chamber of deputies, held a big parade here this afternoon. The paraders halted in front of the city hall and sent in a deputation to the Burgomaster of Brussels, bearing a petition for universal suffrage and proportional representation. The burgomaster promised to submit this petition to parliament. There were numbers here yesterday.

As Prince Albert, a nephew of King Leopold, was leaving the theater Saturday night hundreds of socialist students gathered about him and shouted for universal suffrage.

Dynamite cartridges were exploded yesterday morning in the postoffice at La Louvere, province of Hainaut, Belgium. The building was damaged, but no one was injured.

The explosion last Friday night of dynamite cartridges under the home of M. Derbaise, a Catholic deputy, at Binche, Hainaut province, by which no one was injured, is also attributed to the suffrage agitation.

WOMAN KILLED HERSELF,

But Previously She Fired Two Shots at Her Husband.

Pittsburg, March 24.—After firing two shots at her husband, during a spell of anger, Mrs. Birdie Askinski, 28 years old, sent a bullet through her own heart yesterday afternoon, at Coraopolis. The tragedy was enacted at 4:30 o'clock, and according to the report made to the coroner, the shooting was the sequel of a quarrel between the woman and her husband.

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood.

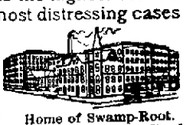
If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

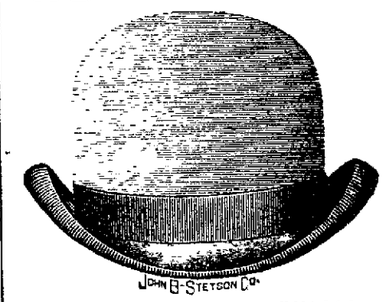
It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.



Home of Swamp-Root.

WE SELL THEM!



STETSON'S SPRING SPECIAL.

Featherweight Derby	$5.00
Stetson's Auto—pearl and black	$4.00
Stetson's Evermond—nutria and black	$4.00
Stetson's Columbia	$5.00
Stetson's Atlanta	$4.50

Doll's Hat, Glove and Shirt Store,

4 EAST MAIN STREET.

See our display of 50c Negligee Shirts.

REDUCED RATES

West and Northwest via Pennsylvania Lines.

One way second-class colonist tickets to the West and Northwest, will be sold at special fares via Pennsylvania Lines, during March and April, 1902. Particular information about fares, through time and other details will be furnished upon application to Passenger and Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines. J. A. Shoemaker, agent.

For Over Sixty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

A Horrible Outbreak

"Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of scald head," writes C. D. Isbill, of Morganton, Tenn., but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured her. It's a guaranteed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers and Piles. Only 25 cents at Z. T. Baltzly's.

A Safe Cure for Headache.

Have you ever felt depressed after taking a Headache Remedy, and do you know that if it contained a Heart Tonic it would cure without that depression? Clinic Headache Wafers are a Heart Tonic, never depress, never fail, best and safest cure in the world. Easily taken. Absolutely harmless. 10 cents all druggists.

A Name Twice Made Famous, Now a Shining Mark for Imitators.

The name "Chase," twice made famous, is a shining mark for the unscrupulous to pounce upon and appropriate in order to foist upon the public their worthless preparations. These birds of prey, by using the name Chase, expect the public to be fooled into believing they are the medicines of Dr. A. W. Chase, who first became noted as the author of the world famed Dr. Chase's Receipe Book and family physician, and whose fame is now doubly increased by the wonderful success of his Nerve Pills, with Nerve, Brain and Blood troubles. They play upon the name Chase, but dare not use the initials "A. W."

They imitate, but dare not counterfeit the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, which identifies the Nerve Pills now recognized as infallible for building up pale, weak, thin-blooded, nerve exhausted sufferers.

Who are nerve-tired and brain-weary.
Who are easily exhausted.
Who are wakeful—cannot sleep.
Who have nervous headache.

They remove the cause of blood impurities, securing refreshing sleep and impart strength.

They build up people who find their strength and vigor waning.

They settle irritated nerves, replace languor and lassitude with energy and animation. Cure Nervous Dyspepsia.

CAUTION.—The protection to the public in securing the genuine and original Dr. A. W. Chase preparation is in seeing the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., is on each box. These and these only are the genuine. Do not be satisfied with anything bearing the name "Chase" without the initials A. W. 50 cts. of Druggists or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by E. S. Craig.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Denmark has 1,032 co-operative creameries, making $35,000,000 worth of butter each year.

If you plant juneberries, you may be sure that the birds will get every berry unless you cover them up.

For all practical purposes it may be said that genius is just another name for hard, persistent work.

The good hired girl is dead sure to get married just about the time the family which employs her thinks it is fixed just right. It is a way hired girls have.

The skunk is one of the nuisances of settlement and civilization. There are a hundred of these beasts now where there was one when the country was first settled.

A piece of land in the city of New York sold recently at a price which if you could realize the same figure for your quarter section farm would bring you in the sum of $562,324,000.

The Danish Baldhead cabbage is recommended to us as one of the best cabbages grown for winter use. It is not a large variety, but wonderfully solid and may be kept well until spring. We shall try it this year.

The last large body of white pine left in the state of Wisconsin was sold recently. It was estimated to contain 300,000,000 feet of lumber and brought $2,000,000. Northern pine forests are almost a thing of the past.

The most expensive system of farm home water supply is where the wife is made to lug in all the water from the well. We know of a case where this system of waterworks cost $500 in doctor's bills to make repairs.

The lovers of bullfighting in Spain tried recently to get up a fight between a bull and an automobile. It was a total failure, as the machine scared the bull out of his wits, and he would only run, toss in the air, and bellow as loud as he could.

There are hundreds of stacks of good straw all through northwestern Iowa and southwestern Minnesota, which the owners would not sell last fall save at an exorbitant figure, which will have to be burned inside of thirty days to clear the ground for another crop.

The farm hand is feeling quite cocky this spring and talks about $25 per month, his board and washing and no cows to milk. And he has not got to the end of his string either, for he is studying the government eight hour plan with a good deal of interest.

We do a great many foolish things in our ignorance. Years ago, not knowing the sexual differences in different varieties of the strawberry plant, we planted a bed of the wrong sort—old maid plants and, while they grew finely and blossomed profusely, not a berry did we get for all our trouble.

When America gets as large an army of paupers and has to support as large a standing army as do the nations of Europe, then we may expect to secure as fine a class of macadamized highways as may be found in those countries. Military necessity and the pauperization of the masses have made the good roads of Europe.

We are asked whether alfalfa can be made to grow successfully on a soil where there are coarse gravel subsoil and permanent water to be reached within ten feet of the surface. We should say that these were just the conditions where alfalfa would thrive and do its best. At any rate, any man having such soil should give this most valuable forage plant a thorough trial.

Even the godly minded man never seems to get much good out of Sunday even when he has been to kirk and Sunday school when he finds at chore time that the hired man has gone off to see his girl and left all the cows for the good man to milk. He will do the milking because he has to, but all the time he will be thinking things which if spoken right out would not harmonize with the parson's sermon.

Now, here is a new thing which seems to have merit. A Kansas man has patented a new method of seed sowing for the garden. He attaches the seeds of the garden vegetables to a narrow tape by machinery, spacing the seeds on the tape at the proper distance. You then go to the store, and instead of buying a paper of seed you get so many yards of seed, and, making the furrow to receive the seed, you stretch out the tape and cover it up, and the job is nicely done. No crooked rows and no back ache by this method.

There are many evergreen groves now growing through the west, and in many cases these groves have been preempted by the crows as roosting and nesting places, to the great annoyance of the owners and the detriment of the groves. In one case a lot of city sports were invited out to a grove so tenanted, and the crows were slaughtered by the hundred, but when the guns left the birds returned.

In all those sections where the rainfall does not exceed twenty-two inches and where the springs are almost always dry seed of all kinds, including grass seeds, should be planted deeper than where moister conditions prevail. In such dry localities we would put clover and timothy in with the small grain and cover from two to three inches deep, and we would plant corn from four to five inches deep and potatoes six inches.

The best field of corn which we know of as grown last season was produced on a gumbo soil on a clover sod turned over the middle of May, and the corn plows kept working in the field until the middle of July. The last plowings were done with a single horse, and the corn grower's neighbors stopped on the highway long enough to tell him he was fooling away his time while doing the work. He got sixty-five bushels per acre, they twenty-five bushels.

It is a great misfortune that most of the information which farmers as a whole obtain about fruit and fruit growing comes from tree peddlers. If you want to set out an orchard, large or small, go to that man in your own immediate neighborhood who has been most successful in producing fruit and abide by his advice, letting the stories of tree peddlers entirely alone. There are hundreds of thousands of dollars thrown away each year in the purchase of orchard and garden stuff from peddlers which is wholly unsuited to the locality where sold.

A majority of the corn growers are agreed that it pays to cut up the corn, but they are by no means agreed as to the best method of handling and feeding the fodder after it is cut up. Some favor feeding it in bundle. Others say that it pays to thrash or shred. Much depends upon the kind of stock it is to be fed to. If steers for beef, it is best fed in the bundle; if dairy cows, it should be shredded and some other ration substituted for the corn. The horse will use it to the best advantage if shredded. Any way is ahead of leaving the crop in the field to waste.

One of the most noticeable changes going on at the present time is the marvelous increase in the manufacture and use of cement, brick and other building materials, excluding wood The wooden age, so far as architecture in America is concerned, is rapidly passing away. Cement and concrete are largely displacing stone for heavy foundation work both in the erection of buildings and bridge piers, while brick has become one of the most popular of materials for street paving. Cheap structural steel and the products of clay banks and kilns are revolutionizing building methods and will do much to limit and lessen the tremendous fire losses which the wooden built communities have to endure.

No general and specific rule can be given for the adornment of a farm home, as conditions differ so much, but any person may easily study his home and its surroundings from an artistic standpoint and learn what may be done to improve the looks of things. A good sized dooryard from which the hogs and poultry should be excluded is very essential; so are straight fences kept in good repair, paint for the buildings and the location of the stockyard, and particularly the hogyard, well away from the house. The trees should be kept trimmed, and the old truck which accumulates on every farm should not be piled around promiscuously in the front yard. No work done on the farm pays better than this of keeping things slicked up.

WHAT KILLS CLOVER.

We are asked to give some of the reasons why clover kills out. Under ordinary conditions clover is a biennial. Sown in the spring, it lives over the next winter, produces its seed the second year and then dies, its mission being ended. Some plants, failing to produce seed, will live over another season. This fact explains the loss of the clover to the many who do not know the history of the plant. Many fields are killed out the first summer by the too great affection of the nurse crop Then, if pastured heavily the first fall, many fields will winter kill for want of cover, while on clay soils alternate winter thawing and freezing will heave the soil and break the roots. Scant nurse crops and plenty of cover the first winter will usually insure the crop

LATITUDE AND LAND VALUES.

The mere fact of latitude will never materially affect the value of farm land. Farms located in the north country, while unable to produce some of the crops common to a lower latitude, can still produce many things which such lower latitudes cannot produce at all. For instance, while northern Minnesota, North Dakota and northern Wisconsin cannot be called countries and may be short on fruits, they can still produce the best grasses, wheat, oats, barley, flax and roots of any part of the country. Then the longer days of summer in those sections do much to offset the more protracted season of winter. It is more the questions of soil fertility, rainfall and markets which determine land values than that of latitude Improved land has always been worth more in Vermont than in Kentucky and Arkansas and would be still were it not for the simple fact of soil impoverishment in the east.

ALFALFA.

An Iowa farmer the past season secured two crops of hay of two tons per acre and a third crop of five bushels of seed per acre from his field of alfalfa. The hay brought $32 per acre and the seed $30, or more than half what the land was worth. In this connection we wish to emphasize the great value of this alfalfa plant for all localities where it can be grown. All through the great corn belt of the country the crops produced are but poorly balanced so far as their feeding value is concerned, being low in flesh forming elements and high in fat formers. For this reason stockmen and dairymen have to draw at a heavy expense upon the bran and gluten products of other sections of the country in order to secure fairly well balanced rations for their stock. Wherever alfalfa can be grown this deficiency in flesh forming food is fully met, and the man who grows it may be absolutely independent of any and all other high priced protein foods, for alfalfa meets every need in this respect. We would suggest that every farmer try a small piece of alfalfa just as an experiment. While in many cases the soil conditions may not prove suitable, still in every case where they are it will prove a bonanza to the grower. Among the special good qualities of this plant are the following: It enriches and nitrifies the soil as does clover; it is drought proof; it is rich in protein and a great dairy ration; hogs can be grown and fattened for market upon it; it lives forever. Give alfalfa a trial.

TRAINED NURSES.

A farmer's daughter asks us to say something about the business of the trained nurse and whether such a vocation offers any opportunity for a girl who does not like teaching, does not want to marry just for a home and does not take to clerking or typewriting. Some of the nicest girls we know have become trained nurses. They tell us this: The apprenticeship period in some hospital is a most trying ordeal, and only a few of the many novices who enter can stand the grief. In fact, the two or three years spent before graduating are mostly a mighty hard road to travel, the most menial and unpleasant work, and hard work, scenes which try the nerves, little chance for recreation or pleasure, no compensation in money. Once graduated, a more inviting field opens—work in private families, a liberal rate of compensation of from $10 to $25 per week, according to the skill of the nurse. We should say that unless a girl is built of stuff to stand grief, and lots of it, and has unlimited endurance and patience she had better let this trained nurse business alone.

MADE HER CONTENTED.

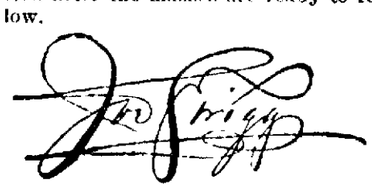
A lady friend of the writer who has long been anxious to have her husband sell the farm and move to town because of the loneliness and isolation of farm life under the old conditions has been converted and made entirely contented and happy on her farm home by the placing of a telephone in the home, the passing of a rural mail route by the door and the installment of a small gas plant and Welsbach burners in the house. When those moments come, as they so often do in the lives of women so isolated, that it just seems as though they must talk to some one and say something, the telephone gives every opportunity, while the rural mail route, bringing the daily paper, puts her in touch with the busy world, and the gas plant saves her the bother of cleaning those nasty old lamps. Now our friend is entirely contented and would not sign the deed of the farm even if her husband wanted to sell. There is something for other men with discontented wives to think of in this item

ADVANTAGES OF IGNORANCE.

The advantages of ignorance are not often apparent, but here is the case of a man who could neither read nor write—a farmer. His neighbors got interested in the story told by a man selling a newfangled road grader, and with them he was invited out on the road to see it work Thirty men inspected the machine and its work, and, as is quite frequent in such cases, the machine in the hands of an expert did good work, the conditions being the agent attending to this just right. The crowd was asked to sign a certificate to the effect that the machine was all right, and all signed save our ignorant friend, and he, only because he could not write his name and seeking to avoid the humiliation of publicly exposing his ignorance, told the crowd he would wait and see. The machine turned out to be a perfect fizzle, and this man never has ceased to rub it in on the other fellows because, as he says, he was wiser than they.

THE VALUE OF A GOOD EXAMPLE.

A good example is just about as catching as a bad one, and along agricultural lines we think more so. No man can go to work and increase the productiveness of his fields, raise better crops and stock, fix his home grounds up and put into his home modern improvements but his less enterprising neighbors are stimulated to follow his example. For instance, where a man of this progressive type keeps his side of the highway neatly mown and trimmed free from weeds his neighbor across the road is almost compelled to do likewise or else have his own slovenliness thus continually emphasized. There have to be pioneers in this good work of agricultural progress and development, those who set the pace and pave the way for better conditions. With such examples to pattern after the masses are ready to follow.



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The following excellent publications prepared by the Chicago & North-Western R'y will be sent free to any address upon receipt of postage named.

The information contained therein is of great value to those who expect to travel, either for pleasure or profit. All of the publications are handsomely illustrated with half tone views.

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during the months of March and April via Chicago & Northwestern Railway, $30.00 from Chicago to Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Ogden and Salt Lake City, $30.50 Spokane, $33.00 Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, Vancouver, Victoria and a large number of other points. Tourist Sleeping cars every day from Chicago to the Pacific Coast. For maps and particulars apply to nearest ticket agent or address A. F. Cleveland, 234 Superior street, Cleveland, Ohio.

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Every day in the year. The Chicago, Union Pacific and North-Western Line runs through first-class Pullman and Tourist Sleeping Cars to points in California and Oregon daily. Personally conducted excursions from Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and Portland, leaving Chicago on Tuesdays and Thursdays Lowest rates. Shortest time on the road. Finest scenery. Inquire of your nearest ticket agent, or write A. F. Cleveland, 234 Superior street, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED — Energetic men and women to represent us in each county. Steady employment and good wages. Call on or address, Summit Supply Company, 507 and 508 Everett Block, Akron, O.

SPECIALS

Sauer Kraut, per lb..... 3c
Navy Beans, per qt..... 6c
Lima Beans, per lb..... 7c
Green Peas, per qt..... 6c
Vinegar, per gal..... 15c
Royal Baking Powder, per lb..... 40c
Cleveland Baking Powder, per lb..... 40c
City Bell Flour, per sack..... $1.00

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Wall Paper Store
20 E. Main St.
We are going to sell our entire stock of Wall Paper this spring
A General Cleaning Up of All Stock.
If you are in the market for any Wall Paper, come and see us.
The Price Will Not Lose us a Sale
Remember Everything Must Go.
1c, 2c, 3c, 4c and 5c Per Roll.
Will buy some of the best papers. No shoddy goods--only the price is cheap
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THE INDEPENDENT

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
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30 N. Erie Street, - - MASSILLON, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1868
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.
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THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bamberlin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad), and Bert Hankin's News stand in North Mill street.

UNION LABEL — TYPOGRAPHICAL — MASSILLON, OHIO

THURSDAY, MARCH 27, 1902.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

CITY.

For Mayor.
E. G. WILLISON.

For Councilmen.
First Ward—C. C. MILLER.
Second Ward—H. F. GADDIS.
Second Ward, Unexpired Term—HARRY WAITE.
Third Ward—JOHN E JOHNS.
Fourth Ward—L. L. VOLKMOR

For Assessors.
First Ward—C. H. WISEMAN.
Second Ward—JOHN ROUSH.
Third Ward—HARRY GRISWOLD.
Fourth Ward— ——

Board of Education.
W. B. HUMBERGER.

TOWNSHIP.

For Trustee.
MICHAEL ELSASS.
For Clerk.
J. J. KLOTZ.
For Justice of the Peace.
R. A. PINN.
For Ditch Supervisor.
R. C. FOLTZ.
For Assessors
Massillon Prec't—H. A. BAILEY.
Richville Prec't—E. A. RICE

It has remained for ex-President Cleveland to refer to Matchless Advocate Bryan as "an afflictive visitation," a phrase as truthfully descriptive as it is verbally artistic.

The hens in the United States were industrious during 1900, according to one of the last reports issued by the census bureau, having laid nearly 16,000,000,000 eggs during the year as compared with about 10,000,000,000 in the year 1890. The total income derived by farmers from the poultry industry in 1899, representing the total value of the eggs produced as well as the poultry raised, was $281,178,033. This total makes the poultry industry one of the largest connected with agriculture

THE INDEPENDENT'S BIRTHDAY.

Today marks The Independent's fortieth birthday anniversary. On March 23, 1863, the Weekly Independent was founded. On May 2, 1887, appeared the first issue of the Daily Independent, which later became the Evening Independent. In 1895 the weekly became the semi-weekly, issued every Monday and Thursday. Not given to overmuch blowing of its own horn, The Independent usually allows certain facts to speak for themselves. On this occasion, however, it may be permitted to observe that for forty years it has endeavored to print the news and to serve the best interets of the community to as great an extent as this duty belongs to the sphere of the newspaper, and that in following out this line of conduct it has been encouraged and supported by a host of good friends, whose number seems to be ever on the increase. Like the New York Sun, The Independent has a motto. "If you see it in the Sun, its so," observed Charles A. Dana, at the head of his editorial column sixty odd years ago. "It sets the pace," is the unchanging motto of The Evening Independent.

IMPORTANT KNOWLEDGE.

People differ as to how much a collegiate education helps a young man in a business career, some contending that it is of the utmost importance; others, that he can get along without it. As a matter of fact, it depends on the young man himself, for while a collegiate education can hardly be called a hindrance, it might, in some cases, give a young fellow a foolish pride that would make him hold himself above the so-called called drudgery of a business life.

A very successful man, in speaking of what a young man should know to begin a business life in the right way, summarized the qualifications about as follows:

He should be able to write a good legible hand.

To spell all the words that he knows how to use.

To speak and write good English.

To write a good social or business letter.

To add a column of figures rapidly.

To make out an ordinary account.

To deduct 16½ per cent from the face of the account.

To receipt an account when it is paid.

To write an advertisement for a newspaper.

To write an ordinary promissory note.

To reckon the interest or the discount on the note for years, months, or days.

To take it to the right place in the bank to get the money.

To make neat and correct entries in day-book or cash-book.

To tell the number of yards of carpet required for the parlor.

To tell something about the great authors, statesmen, and financiers of the present time.

If, says the successful business man, a boy can do this, it is probable that he has enough education to make his way in the world.

BROKE BOTH ARMS.

Frank Benedict Meets with Frightful Accident.

HE FELL FROM A LADDER.

Was Painting at His Home in Railway Street—Mr. Benedict Some Years Ago Lost His Right Hand in a Railway Accident—One Arm Broken in Two Places.

Frank Benedict, gatekeeper at the East street crossing of the Pennsylvania railway, fell backward from a ladder at his home at 65 Railroad street, Tuesday, breaking both arms. Mr. Benedict recently lost his right hand in a railway accident. The arm was fractured in two places above the elbow, and the left in one place below the elbow. Mr. Benedict lost his right hand some years ago in a railway accident. By his present injuries it is feared Mr. Benedict will lose the use of his right arm entirely. By means of an artifical hand and a hook he had been able to use the member considerably.

Mr. Benedict was painting when the accident happened. He lost his balance. Dr. Culbertson is the attending physician.

OBITUARY.

MRS. LUCILLIA CRAUS.

Mrs. Lucillia Craus, aged eighty-two years, died at her home in Perry township, Monday afternoon, at 1:30. Mrs. Craus was a widow of Joseph Craus. Her death was due to heart trouble. Mrs. Craus was the mother of two children, Joseph Craus and Mrs. Louisa Shainer, both of Trumbull county. Mrs. John Weber, of 248 State street, is an adopted daughter of the deceased. The funeral will be held at St. Joseph's church Wednesday morning at 9:30

MRS. CAROLINE SCHOTT.

Mrs. Caroline Schott, wife of James Schott, of 123 Wellman street, died suddenly of heart failure Sunday morning. She had eaten breakfast, and had retired to her bedroom, where she was found dead a short time afterward. Mrs. Schott had lately been much weakened by the natural infirmities of old age. She was the mother-in-law of ex-Street Commissioner Helline.

ANOTHER CALL ON CANADA.

Ottawa, Ont., March 26.—It is now stated that the imperial authorities have asked for two thousand mounted men to go to South Africa. Canada has already furnished five thousand men.

JAS. H. MONTGOMERY, M. D.

In a Carefully Prepared Article Recommends Dr. D. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

In a recent issue of the New York Magazine of Sanitation and Hygiene, the recognized authority on all matters pertaining to health, James H. Montgomery, M. D., says editorially:

"After a careful investigation of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, a specific for kidney, liver and bladder troubles, rheumatism, dyspepsia and constipation with its attendant ills, we are free to confess that a more meritorious medicine has never come under the examination of the chemical and medical experts of the New York Magazine of Sanitation and Hygiene. In fact, after the most searching tests and rigid inquiry into the records of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, it becomes a duty to recommend its use in unequivocal terms to every reader of this journal whose complaint comes within the list of ailments which this remedy is advertised to cure. We have obtained such overwhelming proof of the efficacy of this specific—have so satisfactorily demonstrated its curative powers through personal experiments—that a cure for the interests of our readers leads us to call attention to its great value."

JAMES H. MONTGOMERY, MD.

All druggists sell Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy in the **New 50 Cent Size** and the regular $1 00 size bottles.

Sample bottle—enough for trial, free by mail.

Dr. David Kennedy Corp, Rondout, N. Y.

Dr. David Kennedy's Cherry Balsam best for Colds, Coughs, Consumption. 25c, 50c, $1.

THEY ARE CONTENT.

Filippinos Slow to Accept Liberty.

SERGEANT BENNER'S STORY.

Three Massillon Men, After a Three Year's Service in the Philippines, Have Many Interesting Experiences to Relate—Peculiar Tastes of "Our Little Brown Brothers"—Aguinaldo's Life of Ease.

Sergeant W. E. Benner, Messenger Louis Clauss and Jerome W. Stephan reached Massillon Friday after a three years' service with the Seventy-first Company of Coast Artillery in the Philippines. The boys were all glad to get back to their old home and have many interesting experiences to relate. The Seventy-first Company was stationed at Manila, where it was doing garrison duty at Fort Santiago. Fort Santiago was the prison of all captured Filippinos and as a result the Massillon boys spent most of their time looking after the wellfare of their little "brown brother," as the Filippino is called by the American soldier.

Sergeant Benner, who had charge of one squad of seven hundred prisoners, in speaking of the treatment of the Filippino after capture, said: "The prisoners were brought to Fort Santiago, the rags which they wore exchanged for good clothing, the very best of food furnished, and their treatment in every way was of the best. In fact their food was the same as that served to the soldiers. The Filippino, after being treated in this way for some time, grows so content with his lot that he is slow to accept liberty because it means hard work, less rations and poorer clothing."

In doing garrison duty the boys naturally saw much of the pathetic side of Philippine life. The exiling of some twelve officers of the insurgent army to Guam, as a punishment for the breaking of their oath of allegiance to the United States, was a scene which impressed itself upon the memory of all who saw it. When women in their sorrow and misery tore their hair from their heads and shook it at the flag of the United States, even the most hardened old soldiers shed tears of sympathy."

In answer to an inquiry as to the character of the Filippino and his ability to run a government of his own, Mr. Stephan said: "As a rule the Filippinos are entirely incapable of sustaining a government. While some are fairly well educated the majority have practically no education. The average Filippino is treacherous. Not daring to raise a hand when an American is watching, he would take delight in pushing a dagger into your back. For the American the Filippino has the greatest fear, whether armed or not. The ability to use the fists as a means of defense or offense has greatly increased the respect shown to the soldier in the Philippines, and even after the order was issued preventing soldiers from carrying weapons except when on duty, they were then seldom attacked.

"While not dissatisfied with their experience in the army, none of the boys seemed anxious to re-enlist, preferring the comforts of home to the inconveniences of army life. Their life on garrison duty was much easier and pleasanter than that of the soldier on the skirmish lines. However, during the rainy season, which lasts from July until November, the water raises to such a depth in all the quarters that life is made miserable. Water three feet deep, at least, is met with throughout the entire city, and relieving men from guard duty when it is necessary to wade in three feet of water, is a daily occurrence during the wet season." Mr. Clauss says he has known it to rain three weeks, day and night, during this season. During their first year in Manila he says fifty-two inches fell in four days.

"The Filippinos have some very peculiar tastes, as far as the palate is concerned. For instance, one of their favorite dishes is 'grasshopper porridge,' made by stripping the wings and legs from the insects and stewing the body with rice. This makes a very delicate dish, as well as an inexpensive one, as the grasshopper is found in abundance in most parts of the island."

The company to which the Massillon boys were attached had for its special charge the care of the insurgent leader, Aguinaldo. After his capture by Gen. Funston, he was turned over for safe keeping to the Seventy-first company, Coast Artillery. Mr. Benner says Aguinaldo has the very best of attention, being treated more like a commanding officer than a prisoner. Occupying an entire house, with his private secretary, orderlies and messengers, one would almost think him some distinguished visitor. In the evening, accompanied by a cavalry guard, he drives through he city for his health. Mr. Benner thinks the insurgent leader would not accept his liberty if offered, fearing the revenge which Gen. Luna's friends would undoubtedly seek upon his release. In Manila it is considered a settled fact that Aguinaldo deliberately murdered Gen. Luna, and that it was through his own willingness that he was captured, fearing the vengeance of Luna's friends.

At the close of their enlistment term the boys procured their discharge and sailed for home via Nagsaki, Japan, Oct. 1, 1901. Twenty-eight days later they landed in San Francisco, where they were for six months on duty, guarding the government prisoners at that place. Leaving San Francisco early last week the boys reached Massillon the latter part of the week.

DIED IN THE EUREKA MINE.

Death Comes Suddenly to F. Kiehl.

FIRST OVERCOME BY SMOKE.

Heart Failure Followed, Death Resulting Instantly—A Fellow Workman Was Near at Hand and Had the Body Removed to the Mouth—Lived in Canal Fulton.

Canal Fulton, March 25.—Ferdinand Kiehl, aged 26, unmarried, was seized with heart failure in the Eureka mine, Monday afternoon at about 4 o'clock, death resulting instantly. Kiehl and fellow-workmen named Hingely and Angly, remaining somewhat later than the other miners, were compelled to walk through dense smoke, caused by the firing of the usual afternoon blasting shots, in going from thir working place to the bottom of the shaft. Kiehl complained of feeling weak, and asked his companion to wait till he should rest. Kiehl prostrated himself on the ground, where the air was freer than in the upper parts of the galleries, which were filled with smoke. He seemed to revive, and after a few minutes arose and continued to walk toward the snaft. Suddenly Hingely missed his companion. He turned, and found him lying dead.

The body was taken to the Fulton home of Miss Nancy Fraze, with whom the deceased boarded, and was later removed to Silver Creek, where the funeral will take place. Kiehl came to Fulton four years ago from Silver Creek. He was a son of Michael Kiehl, and was one of twelve children.

Brothers of Kiehl think that his death, in a measure, was due to the smoke. He had complained of feeling unwell when he left his boarding house Monday morning. Though he was seldom ill Kiehl is said to have been more or less subject to heart trouble.

Making Money in Prison.

A remarkable example of cunning has been unearthed in one of our large prisons. A convict had perfected a die and was making silver dollars, and distributing them through accomplices on the outside. Naturally the officials were very much surprised at the discovery, but no more so than the person who receives a counterfeit article in place of the genuine. It is therefore very important when you ask for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters to see that the Private Stamp over the neck is unbroken, if you value your health. For fifty years the Bitters has been recognized as the best health-maker in existence, and if you are a sufferer from indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, flatulency or nervousness, it is because you have never tried it. Try it at once.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, March 25, 1902:

LADIES.

Brown, Mrs. Harrold	Kums, Miss Catherine
Jones, Mrs. E. W.	Miller, Miss Grace
Kimmish, Mrs. Andw.	Ponell, Mrs. Walter
	Smith, Miss Alice

MEN.

Beavers, Edward	Johnson, G.
Brown, Wm.	Sheeler, J. A.
Cox, Joe	Wilbow, David Thos.
Evans, E. H.	Williamson, R. & Co.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

LOUIS A. KOONS, P. M.

$1.00

Chicago to St. Paul or Minneapolis for double berth in tourist sleeping cars of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, each Tuesday and Friday during March and April, 1902, on train No. 1 leaving Chicago at 6:30 p. m.

For further information apply to the nearest coupon ticket agent, or address F. A. Miller, Genearl Passenger Agent, Chicago.

Great tonic, braces body and brain, drives away all impurities from your system. Makes you well. Keeps you well. Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. Ask your druggist.

CLOSE FIVE MINES.

A Massillon Company's Measure of Economy.

WILL BE CLOSED TILL AUG. 1.

Some of the Miners Will be Given Employment in the Mines That Continue in Operation—Market for Massillon Coal Restricted in Summer.

Arrangements are now being made to close down five of the Massillon Coal Mining Company's mines. Among those to be closed are what were formerly the Warwick No. 2 and the Burkholder mines. In some cases the pumps are to be drawn, and the mines allowed to fill with water. The mines will not be reopened till August 1 when the fall trade becomes active. The market for Massillon coal is rather restricted during the hot months.

The men employed in these mines, so far as possible, will be given employment in those which are operated. The closing of these mines constitutes one of the measures which the company is adopting to economize the cost of coal production.

FOUND DEAD IN THE ROAD.

Norwalk Man's Fall Results in a Broken Neck.

Norwalk, O., March 26.—Thomas Mahon, an ex-postal clerk, was found in the road this morning dead, with a broken neck. It is supposed he fell from an attack of apoplexy.

When you want the news while it is news, take THE INDEPENDENT.

BOXWELL EXAMINATION.

Names of Pupils Who Received Certificates.

Following is a list of pupils who received certificates after passing the Boxwell examination in Canton on March 15:

Lloyd Brown, New Berlin; Ralph Hess, New Berlin; Howard Henninger, Fairhope; Martin Kolp, New Berlin; Earl Kutcher, Beach City; Harry Long, Waynesburg; Allen Eberhart, North Industry; Louis Manly, Greentown; Elijah Myers, Canton; Harold Oberlin, Canton; Wilbur Reinoehl, West Brookfield; Walter Roush, Bolivar; Per Lee Shilling, Massillon; Virgil Schory, Waynesburg; Homer Snively, Canton; Ellsworth Snider, Louisville; Gertrude Arnold, Limaville; Anna Braucher, Canal Fulton; Edith Brown, Barryville; Una Bowman, North Lawrence; Edua Criswell, Mapleton; Susan Dale, Waynesburg; Edith Eberly, North Lawrence; Clara Frank, Louisville; Anna Hershey, New Berlin; Mary Hinkel, Marchand; Gladys Holm, North Indusry; Hazel Lehmiller, North Industry; Nina Miller, Massillon; Esta Roush, New Berlin; Esta Stoner, New Berlin; Jennie F. Miller, Alliance; Nina Sloat, New Berlin; Ruth Williamson, North Lawrence; Florence Yutzey, Canton; May Youtzey, Marlboro.

THE SCHOOL FUNDS.

Clerk of Board Makes His Annual Report.

W. A. Sonnhalter, township clerk, has posted his annual statement of the condition of the school funds. The reports show the total receipts of the year, including the balance on hand at the beginning, to have been: Tuition fund, $5,560.22; contingent fund, $5,378.70. Disbursements: Tuition fund, $4,066.70; contingent, $1,568.17. Balance Sept. 1, 1901: Tuition, $1,493.52; contingent, $3,810.53.

The report is for the year ending Sept. 1, 1901.

Want column ads. pay. Try it.

And the Next Day He Died!

Yes, the man who said he would go out and look around a bit to see if he couldn't find something better in the way of a Suit or Hat than we were offering—died. He died from exhaustion, and so will any other man who tries to beat our Spring Clothing in style, quality or price.....

Men's and Boys' Serviceable Suits in Black and Fancy Mixtures..... **$5 00** and **$4 00**

Men's and Boys' Fine Dress Suits in Plain or Fancy Worsteds, Cassimeres and Cheviots, cut and made in latest style. **$8 00** and **$7 00**

Men's and Boys' extra fine, strictly all wool Dress Suits, in all the late styles of cloth, cut and trimmed as well as suits costing double **$12 00** and **$10 00**

Boys' Vestee Suits, Coat and Vest, made like papa's, good wool material .... **$1 49** and **$2 97**

Children's Vestee Suits, nobby styles, regular $2.00 and $3.00 suits, but only a few left to close at **98c**

Ask to see our "Boston," an entirely new style in Boys' Short Pants Suits, Prices..... **$4 00** to **$6 00**

Men's and Boys' extra fine Trousers in Worsteds, Cheviots and Cassimeres, only **$3 00**

Men's Neat Stripe and Plain Worsted Pants, good quality, some merchants would call them cheap at $2, our price.. **89c**

Extra Strong Cheviot Working Shirts, double sewed, regular 50c quality, now **29c**

See our line of Fancy Dress Shirts for **50 Cents.**

If they don't beat anything you ever saw at the price, we will give you one for nothing.

Our Goods are all New. We haven't any old goods to show you.

C. M. WHITMAN,

7 West Main St.,

Massillon, Ohio.

3 Big Floors=All Clothing 3

PREMIUMS FREE TO OUR CUSTOMERS.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independen Investigators.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Keller, a son.

Mrs. E. W. Meyers left Tuesday morning for Florida.

Cameron Miller, emigrant inspector, of Detroit, is visiting his family in Henry street.

Mrs. T. C. Putman, of Beach City, is visiting her son, J. C. F. Putman, at 122 East Main street.

John L. Courtney, an Akron workman, has received notice that by the death of an uncle in Montreal, Can., he has been left heir to $75,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Lincoln Frye and Miss Paul, of Newman, visited their sisters, Miss Ada Frye and Miss Ida Shertzer, in State street, yesterday.

Judge George E. Baldwin, United States consul at Nuremberg, Germany, expects to arrive at his home in Canton early in May to spend a vacation of sixty days.

Robert Keener, a boilermaker in an Akron shop, committed suicide by taking poison. Akron officials are unable to learn anything regarding his home or relative.

There will be preaching by the Rev. George Darsie, jr., at the Christian church next Sunday morning. In the evening the Sunday school will conduct Easter services.

Mrs. J. M. Smith and daughter, Mrs. Dr. Hamilton, and Miss Metta Myers, of Louisville, are the guests of Day Operator S. D. Adams and wife, of North Hill street.

James and John Warwick, of Navarre, moved the body of their mother from the West Lebanon cemetery to the Massillon cemetery Tuesday. Mrs. Warwick was buried in 1876.

Anthony Clauss has returned from the Philippines, where he served for three years past as a soldier in the United States army. He is now at the home of his parents, in Richville avenue.

Work on the new Winold building, in West Main street, which has heretofore been described in The Independent in detail, will shortly be commenced. It will be a three-story brick. Meinhart & Sons are the contractors.

David C. Creese is in the city conferring with the railway officials in regard to the adoption of his track-mover, an invention which is said to make possible the throwing of a long stretch of track with a locomotive upon the rails.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schumacher will arrive in the city Thursday morning from Callao, Peru, to be the guests of Mrs. Schumacher's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Doxsee at 63 Prospect street. Mr. Schumacher travels for the Diamond Match Company.

The Dalton Oil, Gas and Mineral Company has completed preparations for the pumping of well No. 3, and the engines will be started Wednesday. This is the second attempt to pump this well, the first trial being unsuccessful because of the filling in of sand.

During his absence from town, Charles Howland was nominated by the Democrats of Cuyahoga Falls for city solicitor. When Mr. Howland returned he refused to run on the ground that he was not a Democrat, never had been and, as far as he knew, never would be.

W. A. Allbaugh, of the Massillon-Butler Oil Company, has recenlty returned from Butler county, Pa., in which his company's well is located. He says the well is still pumping, and that another is soon to be put down. He also states that several valuable leases have lately been secured.

A farmhouse south of Navarre, belonging to John Rose, of this city, was totally destroyed by fire Sunday night. The origin of the fire is unknown. It was occupied by Harry Mellhorn and family, who tilled the farm. Most of the household effects were saved. The house was insured.

Funeral services for the late Mrs. Carolina Schott were held at St. Mary's Catholic church Monday morning. The palbearers were W. H. Vogt, F. Huth, M. Ruwati, J. Smith, Nicholas Rhine and George W. Doll. The deceased was 71 years old and was born in Germany. Her maiden name was Halter.

W. M. Hiltabidle, of Akron, for the past eleven years superintendent of the Ohio canal, will resign at the end of his present term, April 30, and give all of his time to the interest of Akron manfuacturers who have water rights in the canal, which they wish to protect. Among Captain Hiltabidle's new duties will be lobbying in the legislature. His successor as canal superintendent is likely to be Charles W. Hatch, of Peninsula, now a canal foreman.

Harry Smith will leave Saturday morning for Pittsburg, where he will join the National League base ball team of that city, with which he has signed for the coming season. The team leaves Saturday evening for Hot Springs, where the next month is to be spent preparing for the opening game. Smith is accounted one of the fastest catchers in the league. With Mrs. Smith, he has been in Massillon all winter, at the home of his parents, in Cherry street.

An Akron dispatch says the Rev. F. E. Patton, of the United Evangelical church at Summit, has been suspended from the ministry on a charge of intoxication. About two months ago he was arrested in Cleveland, but was discharged the next morning when he explained that he had taken whisky and quinine for a headache. It was some weeks before the matter became known at Summit. When it did reach the ears of the officers of his church and the Rev. Mr. Patton was asked about it, he strenuously denied it. When arrangements were made for him to go to Cleveland and confront the police officials, he confessed.

BIG STRIKE OF COAL MINERS.

Every Mine in Iowa Will Probably Close.

OPERATORS REFUSE DEMANDS.

Cecil Rhodes Died at Cape Town Today—National Civic Federation Trying to Settle Differences Between Pennsylvania Miners and Operators.

Des Moines, Ia., March 26.—It now seems certain that every coal miner in Iowa will strike at midnight on March 31. The operators, in joint conference, today formally announced that they will not agree to employ shot-firers, nor will they agree to the uniform day wage scale demanded by the miners. They also refuse to arbitrate. The conference adjourned till 2 o'clock and the mine workers went into secret session.

THE SCALE QUESTION.

Civic Federation Asked to Help Miners.

New York, March 26.—The industrial department of the National Civic Federation met today to hear the United Mine Workers' request for assistance in adjusting their differences with the mine operators. Senator Hanna, Oscar Straus, Bishop Potter, Franklin McVeagh, Lewis Nixon, Charles A. Moore, Marcus M. Marks, William H. Pfahler, Ralph M. Easley, F. P. Sargent and James Duncan acted for the Civic Federation, and the mine workers wers represented by President John Mitchell, Thomas Nichols, John Fahey and Thomas Duffy, district presidents. The meeting was private.

The coal strike conference adjourned at 1 p.m. Senator Hanna said the best feeling prevailed and a committee was appointed to get in communication with the operators and to report tomorrow.

CECIL RHODES IS DEAD.

A Weak Heart and Dropsy the Cause of Death.

Cape Town, March 26—Cecil Rhodes experienced a bad heart attack Tuesday evening, from which he did not rally as he has done from previous attacks. At midnight he was weaker than at any time during his illness. Oxygen is administered to the patient daily and he is frequently tapped for dropsy. His friends entertain little hope for his recovery.

Later—Cecil Rhodes died this afternoon, never having rallied from the attack of heart failure yesterday.

AMERICAN ARRESTED.

St. Petersburg, March 26.—During the excitement following the riots of last Sunday a week the police searched the house of Mrs. Gardner, an American, and arrested her son, Boris, a student, but found nothing incriminating there. Mrs. Gardner hopes her son will be released on condition that he will go to England to complete his education. Among those imprisoned on account of the student riots are officers, lawyers, noblemen, noblewomen and the sons and daughters of officials. From Moscow alone ninety-five students have been banished to Siberia and 567 have been imprisoned for from three to six months.

STARTED FOR HOME.

Salonica, March 26.—Miss Stone, the captured missionary, has started for London. Thence she will sail for America.

DR. FENNER'S GOLDEN RELIEF
CUTS BRUISES SPRAINS STINGS RUSTY NAILS COLIC
CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT in 1 to 5 minutes
GRIP COLDS BRONCHITIS SORE THROAT NEURALGIA DIARRHŒA
Druggists 25c. 50c. $1.
For Sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

CONFERENCE ON CUBAN TARIFF.

Twenty Per Cent. Reduction Will Pass House.

THE CHINESE EXCLUSION ACT.

No Laborers Allowed to Land in United States or Insular Possessions — Strong Fight by Powderly's Friends for His Retention as Head of Immigration Bureau.

Washington, March 26.—Another conference on Cuban reciprocity was held last night, which was participated in by the President and the House leaders, including Chairman Payne and Messrs. Dalzell and Long, of the ways and means committee, and Mr. Cannon, chairman of the Republican caucus. The members came at the invitation of the President, and remained with him for an hour. There was an exchange of views on the general reciprocity plan, and the statement was made that the programme adopted by the Republican conference providing a 20 per cent reduction on Cuban imports until December 1, 1903, would be carried out in the House. The ways and means committee has not yet reported the bill to carry out the caucus plan, which is delayed by the absence of one Republican representative from the city.

The House committee on foreign affairs today ordered the Chinese exclusion bill favorably reported to the House. The exclusion of Chinese laborers is made complete, both as to the mainland territory of the United States and all insular possessions. Certificates of identification of Chinese must be accompanied by photographs, at the expense of the Chinese. The committee considered that the original bill was too severe in making it a felony for any official to neglect to detain a Chinese person seeking admission and the penalty was reduced to a misdemeanor. The committee struck out the clause requiring the United States district attorney to be present at all deportation proceedings and requiring at least two credible witnesses other than Chinese to establish the right to remain in the United States. The prohibition against Chinese sailors on American ships was struck out. The term Chinese was made to include all those who are Chinese by birth or descent, leaving out the references to mixed, full blood, etc.

The friends of Commissioner of Immigration Powderly realize that they have a hard fight ahead of them if they are to keep him in his present position. It is probable that a petition will be circulated among the Republicans of the House asking the President to retain Powderly. Several of the labor organizations are taking a hand in his behalf, being with him on his official record on the strict enforcement of the contract labor and Chinese exclusion laws. It is said that it has been on these two points that he has run counter to the position of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Taylor, who, it is alleged, has tried in many ways to hamper Powderly in the discharge of his duty.

The House adopted the resolution calling on the President for all correspondence in connection with General Miles's alleged application to be assigned to duty in the Philippines, with a plan for the speedy pacification of the islands.

The House resumed consideration, in committee of the whole, of the army appropriation bill. Warner, of Ohio, protested strongly against the provision which deprived retired navy officers from receiving increase in longevity pay after their retirement.

Frank Bruner and Fred McDonough, of Lytle Post G. A. R., of Cincinnati, gave the President a copy of the resolution of the ex-union soldiers of Cincinnati, approving the President's veto of bills restoring deserters to the rolls. The President told them so long as he is in office no deserter from the army or navy will find favor with him.

BOERS CAPTURED.

General Delarey Suffers Loss of Men and Supplies.

London, March 26.—Lord Kitchener announces from reports of the result of a combined movement of British columns against General Delarey, that one hundred and thirty-five prisoners, two pompons and quantities of stock, wagons, etc., have been captured. General Delarey appears to have successfully evaded General Kitchener's cordon at the outset, but the British troops moved rapidly without guns or implements, covering eighty miles in twenty-four hours.

CLEVELAND'S
Superior Baking Powder
Makes the lightest, most delicious and wholesome hot-breads, cakes and griddle-cakes
CLEVELAND BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK
Care must be taken to avoid baking powders made from alum. Such powders are sold cheap, because they cost but a few cents per pound. But alum is a mineral, which taken in food means injury to health.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

Admission to Asylums Provided by Pollock's Bill.

Columbus, March 26.—A person realizing the coming on of mental trouble may now be admitted to a state hospital for treatment without the humiliation of passing through the probate court. The Pollock House bill providing for voluntary admission to the state hospitals was passed by the Senate yesterday.

The House committee on finance has completed the draft of the general appropriation bill. A conference with the Senate committee will be held this week and the full bill agreed upon. While nearly every state department has asked for an increased appropriation these will not be allowed, except in what are considered especially meritorious cases.

Senator Thompson has introduced a bill aimed to prevent city persons from going before a country magistrate with their cases and thus dragging the party sued or arrested off to a court miles away. The bill would limit the jurisdiction of a justice of the peace to his own township.

RATIFICATION DELAYED.

Efforts to Prevent the Transfer of the Danish Islands.

Copenhagen, March 26.—The opponents of the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States will make a desperate effort to induce Queen Alexandra and the Dowager Empress of Russia, daughters of the King of Denmark, to intervene and prevent the ratification of the treaty by the Landsthing. The Dowager Empress and the Queen, who are reported to be opposed to the sale, are expected here in a day or two. The opinion is that any such intervention, even could it be set in motion, would prove ineffective. Confidence is felt that the Landsthing will ultimately ratify the treaty, though it may possibly insert a plebiscite clause. The Landsthing today postponed discussion of the treaty until April 3.

It stands alone, it towers above. There's no other, it's nature's wonder, a warming poultice to the heart of mankind. Such is Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. Ask your druggist.

THE BREWERY WORKERS.

Gompers Investigating the Cincinnati Strike.

Cincinnati, March 26.—President Samuel Gompers is hearing the charges against the brewery engineers and firemen, brought by the brewery workers, of conspiracy to destroy the union by refusing to amalgamate and by insisting on making their own contracts with the brewers. National Executive Bohm, of New York, represented the Brewery Workers' Union.

Steady, Strength, Sleep.

These are Three Words to Conjure with, They are Closely Connected with Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills so Says a Massillon Citizen.

Steady nerves, refreshing sleep, renewed strength, these are a trio that practically control the enjoyment of life, they are the keystone of the arch perfecting manhood and womanhood to the fullness of life.

Mr. John Hauser, of No. 29 Andrews street, Massillon, Ohio, says: "As a medicine to give one steady nerves, good general strength and restful sleep at night I can heartily recommend Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills I got at E. S. Craig's drug store, No. 9 South Erie street. When I got them I was nervous, run down and sleeping poorly, now it is the reverse and I feel all right."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

ORDERED TO EVACUATE.

Secretary Root's Instructions to General Wood.

Washington, March 26.—Secretary Root this afternoon made public his order to General Wood directing him to turn over the control and government of Cuba to its people on May 20 next. The order requires the Cuban government to assume all treaty obligations and directs General Wood to continue a small artillery force to avoid leaving the island entirely defenseless until the Cuban government shall have opportunity to organize its own force. General Wood also is directed to convene the Cuban congress before May 20. He also is directed to consult with President-elect Palma and substitute such persons as he shall desire for those now holding official positions in Cuba.

The expressions of grateful women who have experienced wonderful blessings using Rocky Mountain Tea, compensates us for our efforts in their behalf. 35c. Ask your druggist.

THE CAUSE OF LEPROSY.

English Specialist Says it is Due to Salt Fish.

Dr. Jonathan Hutchinson, recently returned from a study of the cause of leprosy in South Africa, concludes that the primary cause of the disease is eating badly cured salt fish. He does not believe the disease is infectious or contagious, but may be communicated through the use of food handled by lepers.

A Straight Salary

Will be paid to a few competent persons of mature age, lady school teachers preferred, to introduce "The Perfect Woman" by Mary R. Melen, M. D. Ph. D. No money to be invested. Steady work and weekly pay insured to acceptable persons. Apply with references and particulars as to previous experience, if any, and address.
HALSTEAD PUBLISHING CO.
Cincinnati, Ohio.

Entertainment committees will find just what they want in the way of invitations, programmes, etc., at THE INDEPENDENT office.

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--We want you
$3,000 IN CASH AWARDS

THE PILGRIM, a magazine of progress, edited by Willis J. Abbot, offers to agents a yearly income, and an opportunity to secure liberal quarterly and yearly cash awards. THE PILGRIM has the only magazine combination instalment plan for subscribers ever presented to agents. Don't make arrangements with any publication before learning our proposition. Write today.

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The Demand for
Building Material
has commenced with a rush. We have prepared for this by adding to our facilities for getting out
MILL WORK.
Send in your orders and we will fill them without delay.
We have everything in the line of Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and interior finish.
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PORT OF MISSING MEN

MANY SAIL FROM GLOUCESTER NEVER TO RETURN.

Solemn Service Held Annually In Quaint Old Town In Memory of Lost Fishermen—Sad Ceremony of Calling the Roll of the Dead.

Spring's advent brings more sadness than joy to the quaint old Massachusetts town of Gloucester. It is then that the havoc wrought by wintry seas must be reckoned, and it is always great. While much of the wealth of the old fishing town is drawn from the ocean, it pays heavy toll. Out of a population of less than 30,000 more than a hundred men are drowned every year on the fishing banks—more than two a week.

Rudyard Kipling in his story "Captains Courageous" describes a curious custom of the old fishing town. It is an annual memorial service for the fishermen lost at sea. Early in spring a day is set for this sad ceremony. Families and friends of the lost ones and many leading citizens assemble to pay their last tribute of respect to the memory of the dead. The services are simple—a prayer, a hymn perhaps an appropriate poem is read, then, saddest of all, comes the calling the roll of the dead. Each name is read out, the silence broken only by the voice of the reader and the sobs of the bereft. So the dread record of the year is chronicled, month by month, the date and manner of each disaster detailed, so far as known. Thus Gloucester remembers its dead toilers of the sea."

Although great improvements have been made in the last forty years in vessels and gear, the death rate has not been reduced. The vessels carry larger crews, make longer voyages, and the men take greater chances.

The Georges banks take the heaviest toll. After them follow the banks of Newfoundland. But Gloucester's dead lie in the cold seas of many other regions. The fisheries of Greenland, Labrador and even Ireland and Norway have exacted toll from Gloucester's hardy fishermen.

The fishing schooners carry crews of from six to sixteen men, besides the captain and cook, according to the size of the craft. On the deck of the vessel aboard the mammoth are the dories. These typical New England deep sea fishing boats look clumsy, but are light to pull and excellent in a sea way. They have flaring bows and sterns and are sharp at each end.

In trawl fishing, which is the method most commonly employed, lines are long too slow and tedious, the dories are used for laying and taking up the trawl lines. These run from 1,500 to 1,600 feet in length, with hooks tied a few feet apart. These lines are kept coiled in a tub and are paid out as the dory is rowed along. One end is fastened to a keg to serve as a buoy, so that it may be found again. An anchor is also attached that it may not drift away.

When the trawls are to be lifted, two men attend to them. The line is hauled across the side by one and the fish taken off. The other rebaits the hooks and drops them over again. In a rough sea this operation becomes very dangerous, for the weight of the sagging line is great, and many dories have been capsized completely under as a big swell struck them.

Every dory carries a tin horn for the purpose of sounding in case of fog. The banks are rarely in the steamer track, and when the fog shuts down some one blows keep constantly at the horn. Too often they are unheeded by the men on the steamships, and the towering prow smashes a fishing schooner or dory to bits and continues on its way, while the passengers on board are not conscious that anything has happened.

One of the first smacks to be cut down by a steamship was the Gloucester schooner Sevo. It was run into by the steamer Huntress in 1839 and sank at once. All were lost except the captain and a boy. Since then there has been an appalling record of similar catastrophes.

The worst disaster that has happened to the Gloucester fishing fleet in recent years was caused by the great gale of Aug. 21, 1873, when nine vessels and 128 men were lost.

DECK VIEW OF GLOUCESTER FISHERMAN.

AFTER THE NORTH POLE.

Canadian Sea Captain Plans a Long Sojourn In Arctic Ice.

Unless the north pole is shiftier on its pins than it is generally given credit for it cannot much longer remain in the seclusion it has so long affected. With explorers on all sides and below gradually closing in on its lair, the chances of final capture seem inevitable. Captain Jules Eleazer Bernier, a Canadian, is the latest to take up the hunt. For some time he has been in England preparing an expedition, but is now in Canada, where he expects to raise $40,000 to complete his arrangements.

The expedition is to sail from Vancouver early in the summer of 1903, and Captain Bernier anticipates that his effort to reach the pole will take at

CAPTAIN JULES E. BERNIER.

least four years. His ship will be steel sheathed, 120 feet long, 35 feet beam and 18 feet deep. She will be heated by steam and electricity. A complete system of telephones will connect the various parts of the ship.

A telescope pole is to be fitted to the mast which, when extended, will reach an elevation of 200 feet. This is for communication between the ship and parties on shore by wireless telegraphy. Captain Bernier thinks by this means it will be possible for him to maintain communication with Dawson City, Alaska, during the first winter in the ice, and the second year he will endeavor to communicate with the world by wireless telegraphy to either Dawson City or Hammerfest, which latter port will then be 1,200 miles distant.

For the final dash to the pole, which Captain Bernier will make across the ice, he intends to use two specially designed five horsepower motor cars, each capable of holding 2,000 pounds. The motors are so designed that if the exigency arises they can be quickly converted into boats or sledging sections. A crew of four men will be taken.

WOMAN TO HUNT TIGERS.

Fair Philadelphian Will Seek Big Game In the Jungles.

Having completed the thrills that Europe has to offer, an American sufferer for more, Mrs. A. W. M. Cardeza of Philadelphia has invaded India with her maid, who she hopes to convert the two dozen of the tiger and elephant pelts to her collection of trophies of the chase.

Mrs. Cardeza is the richest woman in Philadelphia, handsome and a leader in the exclusive set in which her husband's family has been known for two generations.

The hobby both of herself and her husband is the hunting of big game and the preservation of a rare collection in the private zoological park surrounding their home in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Cardeza has hunted in Colorado and the western preserves, in Canada

MRS. A. W. M. CARDEZA.

and in the Maine woods. She is one of the few women who have shot moose, caribou and tracked caribou.

Next month Mrs. Cardeza, in company with her husband, will sail for Calcutta, where they will penetrate the jungles of northern India in search of tigers, lions and wild boars. Mrs. Cardeza is a young woman of the modern athletic type, part Spanish by birth and inured by extensive travel to the heat of the tropics as well as the snows of the north.

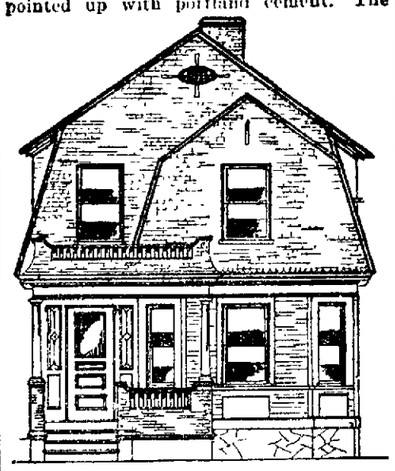
SIMPLE DUTCH DESIGN.

Attractive Appearance and Many Excellent Features—Cost, $1,800.

[Copyright, 1901, by George Hutchings, architect, 1060 Land Title Building, Philadelphia.]

This is of simple Dutch design, most conveniently arranged. The lines are sufficiently broken to give it an attractive appearance, and it has many excellent features, including the piazza.

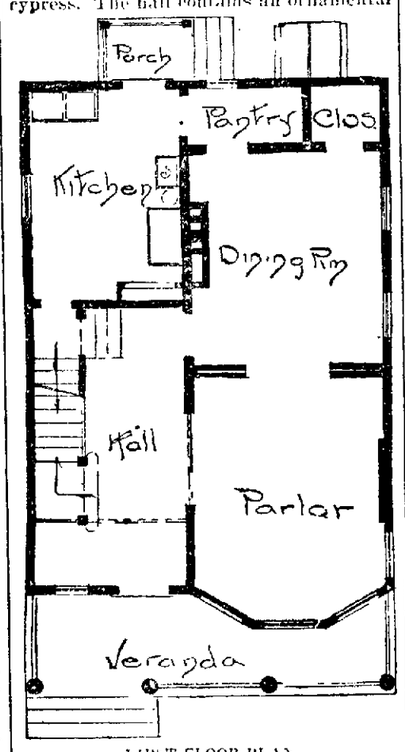
The underpinning is of hard burnt brick pointed up with portland cement. The



FRONT ELEVATION.

superstructure is frame. The exterior framework is sheathed, papered and clapboarded. It is painted colonial yellow with cream white trimmings. The gables are covered with cedar hunch shingles stained a burnt sienna. The roof is shingled and stained a moss green.

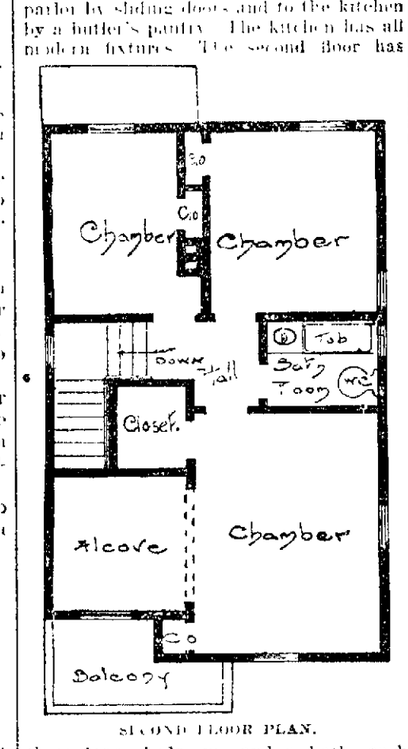
The house is trimmed throughout with cypress. The hall contains an ornamental



FIRST FLOOR PLAN.

staircase turned out of similar wood, and it has a leaded glass window at the landing. The front door has a bevel plate glass panel. The parlor has an oak mantel of elaborate design.

The dining room is connected to the parlor by sliding doors and to the kitchen by a butler's pantry. The kitchen has all modern fixtures. The second floor has



SECOND FLOOR PLAN.

three large bedrooms and a bath, each room provided with a large closet. The bathroom is blocked off with imitation tile wainscoting and open nickel fixtures. Dimensions—front, 20 feet, side, 32 feet. Cost to build complete, $1,800.

Painting Furniture.

In the beginning the piece to be painted should be thoroughly cleaned with soap and water. It should then be rubbed all over with a piece of sandpaper not too coarse. This will take off the varnish and the first coat of paint will adhere better in consequence.

One of the gravest errors and one most frequently made is to use the enamel paints for both coats. These are especially prepared for furniture and, having a hard enamel finish, dry quickly. Besides being expensive, where two coats are used the second coat does not adhere well over the hard enamel.

The proper way, so say those experienced in the matter, is to buy for the first coat ordinary indoor paint of the same shade as the enamel. After the furniture has been thoroughly washed and sandpapered, dusted off and dried the first coat is put on carefully. At best two brushes are required, one 3 inch flat brush for the larger surface and a small brush for the intricate places.

In 24 hours, when this coat is thoroughly dry, it is often advisable to go over it lightly with fine sandpaper. This removes any chance hair left by the brush and smooths down any little lumps of paint which may have hardened from the first coat.

Before beginning the second coat the brushes should be thoroughly cleaned. If the paint at any time is found to be too stiff, the pot may be set in hot water. The second coat should be added quickly with a fine brush and the piece of furniture left to dry in a place where there is no dust.

THREE DISLIKED BILLS.

Senate Would Rather Not Vote on Them, but Must.

"OLEO," EXCLUSION AND CANAL.

Each Is Likely to Pass, but Senators Love Them Not—When Mason Visited Commons—An Entertaining Tilt in the House.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—[Special.]—There are three bills in the senate all pressing for action, none of which is well liked and two of which many senators would like to see defeated or postponed. They are the oleomargarine bill, the Chinese exclusion bill and the Nicaragua canal bill. "Oleo" has the right of way and probably has fewer friends than either of the other measures. It will no doubt pass if it reaches a vote, but many who feel compelled to vote for it when the time comes are doing everything they can to avoid any such contingency. Nicaragua no doubt has more real strength than either of the others, but senators begin to realize the responsibility of the undertaking, which means the expenditure of about $200,000,000 according to the estimates of the engineers and much more in the opinion of others who feel that they are entering upon an uncertain undertaking. The exclusion bill must pass in some form. The labor interests and the men from the Pacific coast and Rocky mountain states say they must have this legislation, but there is a division of sentiment in the senate. Some want drastic legislation and some want the re-enactment of the Geary law during the life of the present treaty with China.

Probably Must Pass.

With the strength there is behind each of these measures, it would seem that they all must pass, but even with the understanding of the steering committee that they are to be taken up and disposed of there is also the reservation that appropriation bills and a conference on the revenue bill must have the right of way, and any one of these measures which may be before the senate will be put aside to consider the supply and revenue bills. "If we could only drop the 'oleo' bill into the Potomac river with a heavy weight around it," said one senator, who must favor it if a vote is reached, "we would breathe easier." It would seem as if the opponents of the canal bill might also be looking for some method to "shunt" Senator Morgan's favorite measure. This could only be done by passing the appropriation bills and securing an adjournment before a vote is reached. In all candor, I cannot see how this can be done in view of the strong canal sentiment in both houses. The only way it might be accomplished would be by leaving the subject of routes to the president with a requirement that what he does must receive the approval of congress. This is a solution which several senators are trying to bring about.

Our Statesmen Abroad.

Senator Mason of Illinois was telling the senate how carefully foreign countries governed their public men and referred to the fact that great care was exercised in England and that if one went to the house of commons, no matter by whom accompanied, he was searched to see that he did not carry a bomb.

"I simply wish to say," said Senator Bacon of Georgia, "that I have had the pleasure of visiting the house of commons at certain times, and I was never subjected to such an ordeal."

"I had the pleasure of visiting the house of commons once," said Mason, "and I had to be introduced and to be carefully examined as to my reasons for being there but it may be that it was on account of my appearance and not because I looked like the senator from Georgia."

"It shows," answered Bacon, "that they did not recognize this doctrine of equality before the law."

"I will agree," responded Mason, "that the senator's rural mannered appearance would generally admit him almost anywhere."

Hepburn and Williams.

When Representative Hepburn of Iowa made his regular assault upon the river and harbor bill, Representative Williams of Mississippi got into quite a long controversy with him. Hepburn suggested that the committee to prepare a river and harbor bill should come from districts which were not interested in the improvements. "Suppose," said Williams, "there were seventeen congressional districts that were not interested in the tariff, would the gentleman be willing to have the men representing them compose the ways and means committee?"

"I do not know," replied Hepburn, "what my idea of moonlight would be if the moon were obliterated from the heavens."

"I am supposing a case," said Williams, "and the gentleman is something of a 'supposer' himself, because he is from Yankeedom that 'guesses' and 'supposes' things."

"I will admit," returned Hepburn, "although the gentleman makes the suggestion with something like a sneer in his voice, my Yankee origin, and that I have a vigorous imagination and sometimes its flights, even to me, are wonderful [laughter] and it sometimes fills me with wonder, but I cannot conceive of the first proposition of the gentleman. It is impossible for me to imagine that there are within the length and breadth of this country seventeen districts or seventeen counties or seventeen families or seventeen men that are not interested in the great American system of protection."

And then Hepburn's Republican associates cheered vociferously.

ARTHUR W. DUNN.

DO YOU WANT TO BE WELL AND STRONG LIKE ME?

Then Use Dr. Greene's Nervura—It Gave Me Health and Strength.

Beauty is the dower which nature bestows upon woman, and the gift is priceless. Most women can be beautiful, for beauty lies in having a brilliant eyes, and vivacity, clear complexion, velvety skin, of expression, attributes common to all women who are in good health. How many women there are to-day who are gradually but surely losing their priceless possession of beauty! Their health has become poor, they are run down, they feel weak and nervous, have headache, poor appetite, indigestion, biliousness, constipation, kidney or liver trouble, backache, female weakness, or some other difficulty, which is surely sapping their health and strength and ruining their beauty. At this season, Spring Debility is woman's worst enemy.

A woman's first duty is to regain and maintain her health and beauty. If she gets back her health, beauty will surely follow, for beauty depends entirely on good health. The great health-giver and beautifier for women is Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, for nothing in the world so surely and quickly restores lost health, gives strength and vigor to the nerves, purifies and enriches the blood, and makes women strong and well as Dr. Greene's Nervura. It clears the complexion of that dark, sallow, pale look, removes eruptions, blackheads, and humors, makes the skin velvety and glowing with rosy color, the eyes brilliant, the lips red, imparting a full, round contour to face and form.

Above all it banishes melancholy and restores the lively spirits, vivacity, light, elastic step and exuberant life, energy, and enjoyment which constitute happiness to women. Dr. Greene's Nervura does all this because it makes weak women strong and sick women well, and thus prevents them from growing old before their time. It makes them look young and feel young, for it braces women up as nothing else in the world can. Try Dr. Greene's Nervura; you will never regret it. Use it now, for you certainly need a spring remedy, and Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is the best of all spring medicines.

In taking Dr. Greene's Nervura you are using the wonderful prescription and discovery of a famous physician, Dr. Greene, of 101 Fifth Avenue, New York City, who is the most successful physician in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases, and who can be consulted without charge, in regard to any case, personally or by letter.

TRAVELERS' REGISTER.

Pennsylvania Lines. Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	21	9	31	35	11	43	41
	A M	A M	P M	P M	A M	A M	P M
Pittsb'gh lv	1 05	7 00	1 35	6 30	10 40		
Beaver Falls "	...	8 04	2 36	7 26	6 54		
Columbiana "	...	...	3 38	...	8 01		
Alliance "	....	8 58	3 41		8 08		
Orrville "	....	9 30	3 58	8 35	8 31		
Dennison "	3 25	9 30	4 35	9 00	8 59		
Uhrichsville "	3 25	9 30	4 40	9 00	9 1		3 15
Dover "	....		4 56		9 27		
Canal Dover "	....		5 02		9 33		3 31
Bolivar "	4 03	9 5	5 23	9 37	9 54		3 52
Massillon "		10 10	5 47	9 47	10 10		4 16
Navarre "			5 57		10 20		4 26
Wilkinsburg "			6 07		10 30		4 36
Orrville "			7 07				5 36
Shreve "			7 21				5 50
Wooster "			7 31				6 00
Smithville "			7 45				6 14
Orrville "					25		39
Shreve "					10 30		4 44
Big Prairie "					10 36		4 50
Lakeville "					10 45		4 59
Sandusky "					11 30		5 45
Huron "					11 45		6 00
Norwalk "					12 05		6 20
Wellington "					12 25		6 40
Oberlin "					12 40		6 55
Elyria "					12 55		7 10
Berea "					1 15		7 30
Cleveland ar.	6 10	12 05	8 05	11 25	PM		7 50
	A M	P M	P M	P M	3 00		A M
Crestline ar.	6 37	12 35	8 35	11 55	P M		7 00
Bucyrus "	....	1 00	PM	12 23	3 25		7 25
Limaville "	8 35	2 25		2 00	5 20		9 40
Van Wert "	9 21	3 10		2 40	6 12		10 46
Ft. Wayne ar.	10 10	4 00		3 28	7 15		11 55
Warsaw lv	11 31	5 24		4 40	PM		1 32
Plymouth "	12 07	6 08		5 15			2 15
Valparaiso "	1 15	7 08		6 27			3 29
Chicago ar.	2 50	8 45		8 00			5 15
	P M	P M		A M			P M

EASTWARD.	6	20	8	24	22		
	P M	N'T	P M	P M	A M		
Chicago	11 45	12 00	3 00	7 30	7 30		
Valp'raiso	1 43	1 32	4 36	..	9 09		
Plymouth	2 58	2 55	5 45	9 55	10 23		
Warsaw	3 45	3 11	6 23	..	11 06		
ar. Ft. WAYNE	5 20	4 15	7 35	11 25	12 40		
" Van Wert	6 39	5 11	8 39	..	1 40		
Lima	7 34	5 57	9 30	12 53	2 37	32	
Bucyrus	9 42	7 34	11 19	..	4 35	A M	
Crestline	10 15	8 05	11 50	2 42	5 20	15	30
Mansfield	10 38	8 30	12 15		5 45	5	55
Lucas	10 48				5 57	6	08
Perry Ville	10 58				6 09	6	22
Longdon Ve	11 05				6 18	6	30
Lakeville	11 18				6 31	6	42
Big Prairie	11 21				6 35	6	46
Shreve	11 30				6 45	6	54
Wooster	12 08	9 29	1 25		7 00	7	10
Smithville	12 18	..	..		7 13	7	20
Orrville	12 32	9 50	1 50	4 17	7 28	7	35
Dalton	12 37	..	..	..	7 35	7	41
Lawrence	12 43	..	..	..	7 42	7	50
Massillon	12 56	10 11	2 12		7 55	8	05
Canton	1 17	10 25	2 35	4 53	8 18	8	24
Louisville	1 32	....			8 35	8	42
Maximo	1 43	....	....	....	8 45	8	54
ar. ALLIANCE	2 05	11 00	3 10	5 25	9 00	9	05
lv. ALLIANCE	2 15	11 00	3 10	5 25	PM	9	40
Salem	2 45	11 22	3 32	.....		10	05
Leetonia	2 57	11 34	....	.....		10	15
Col'mb'na	3 05	....	....	.....		10	20
Beaver F'lls	4 12	12 35	4 40	.....		11	25
ar. PITTSBURGH	5 30	1 40	5 50	7 45		12	40
	P M	A M	A M	A M		P M	

	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Pittsburgh lv	8 00	10 00	1 00	4 00	5 00	7 00	11 30
Rochester "	9 10	11 10	2 10	5 10	6 10	8 10	12 40
Alliance ar.	10 30	12 30	3 30	6 30	7 30	9 30	2 00
Alliance lv.	10 40	12 40	3 40	6 40	7 40	9 40	2 10
Orrville "	11 10	1 10	4 10	7 10	8 10	10 10	2 40
Wooster "	11 40	1 40	4 40	7 40	8 40	10 40	3 10
Mansfield "	12 30	2 30	5 30	8 30	9 30	11 30	4 00
Crestline ar.	1 00	3 00	6 00	9 00	10 00	12 00	4 30
Crestline lv.	1 05	3 05	6 05	9 05	10 05	12 05	4 35
Galion "	1 30	3 30	6 30	9 30	10 30	12 30	5 00
Marion "	1 50	3 50	6 50	9 50	10 50	12 50	5 20
Delaware "	2 20	4 20	7 20	10 20	11 20	1 20	5 50
Columbus ar.	3 00	5 00	8 00	11 00	12 00	2 00	6 30
	P M	P M	P M	P M	P M	A M	P M

Except Sunday. Daily. Dark face type denotes time from 12 noon to 12 midnight, light face, from 12 midnight to 12 noon.

At Orrville, connection is made with C., A. & C. Ry. train for Cleveland by **Nos. 6, 8, 24, 9, 32** and **43** and for Columbus by **Nos. 15, 31, 32, 41** and **43**. **Nos. 9, 15** and **43** connect at Mansfield with trains over the Toledo Division for Tiffin and Toledo. **Nos. 6, 24** and **32** connect at Alliance for Niles and Youngstown.

G. L. PECK, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

2-1-02-C

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE R'Y.

EAST			MAIN LINE Oct. 27, 1901			WEST
*6	*2	*4		*1	†3	*5
	A.M.	P.M.		P.M.	P.M.	
	9 15	1 56	Toledo	8 00	6 30	
	10 32	2 53	Fremont	1 52	5 14	
	11 25	3 45	Norwalk	12 58	4 11	
	12 17	4 25	Wellington	2 17	3 32	
A.M.	1 25	5 23	Orrville	11 10	2 30	P.M.
9 25	1	8 00	Massillon	10 4	2 2	7 15
9 40	2 1	6 20	Navarre	10 2	1 45	7 00
11 08	3 47	7 4	Bolivar	9 06	12 25	5 37
1 0	5 47	9 1	Stonerville	7 05	10 33	3 40
12 5	6 10	9 45	Wheeling	7 20	10 40	3 15
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.

Sunday	Cleveland Division.		North
	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.
	Cleveland	1 10	5 0
	Read	1 58	5 50
	Navarre	2 26	6 22
	Akron Junction	4 30	8 00
	Zanesville	7 30	11 00
		p.m.	p.m.

Daily except Sunday.
H. C. Boot, C. T. A. E. B. Coolidge, G.P.A.
W. R. Hayden, Ticket Agent.

The Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Ry.

Schedule in effect Nov. 17, 1901

Southbound (down)				Northbound (up)
p m	a m		Lorain Branch	p.m
†15	†11			†16
4 00	7 00	....	Lorain	1 57
4 17	7 10	....	Elyria	6 42
4 34	7 30	....	Grafton	6 27
4 45	7 50	....	Lester Junct.	5 25
*5	†3	†1	Main Line	†2
	p m			a m
5 3	3 0	7 25	Cleveland	9 10
5 46	....	7 40	Brooklyn	9 57
6 3	....	8 28	Lester Junct.	8 05
6 52	....	8 50	Medina	7 50
7 14	....	8 50	C. Lake	....
7 20	....	9 05	Seville	7 38
....	....	....	Sterling	7 24

Sunday train No. 44 leaves Wooster 5 20 p. m. arrives Akron 6 20 p. m.

			Via B. & O.		
....	4 30	....	Akron	9 42	....
....	5 30	....	Barberton	9 30	....
7 1	4 4	7 25	Warwick	8 59	9 17
7 45	4 45	8 8	Canal Fulton	8 60	9 10
8 15	....	....	Ar. Dep.	....	....
....	5 0	9 58	Massillon	8 3	8 52
....	....	....	Ar. Dept.	....	....
5	5 10	10 08	Justus	8 37	8 18
5	5 40	10 37	Canal Dover	8 07	8 44
6	6 10	11 4	N Philadelphia	8 10	7 37
6	6 30	11 25	Uhrichsville	7 42	7 20
7	7 17	....	Flushing	6 48	6 90
8	8 20	1 05	Bridgeport	5 45	12 20
p.m.	p.m.	p.m.		a.m.	p.m.

Sunday Only. Daily except Sunday.

Bridgeport Accommodation	North	South
	p.m	a.m
Akron	8 30	6 00
Barberton	8 14	6 18
Warwick	7 45	6 25
Canal Fulton	7 57	6 32
Massillon	7 20	6 52
Justus	7 08	7 07
Canal Dover	6 34	7 36
New Philadelphia	6 27	7 44
Uhrichsville	6 1	8 04
Flushing	5 10	9 05
Bridgeport	4 05	10 12

*Daily †Daily except Sunday

Train No. 8 arrives in Cleveland at 9 35 pm Sunday trains at Massillon, northbound, 7:20 a. m. Southbound—8 15 p.m

Electric cars between Bridgeport, Belmont Martin's Ferry and Wheeling.

M. G. CARPEL, G. P. A., Cleveland O.

Bear in mind that the want columns is a good investment.

C. A. & C. Cleveland, Akron & Columbus Ry.

Trains Run by Central Standard Time

Southbound	607	689	523	609
	a m	p m	p m	a m
CLEVELAND .. lv	*8 10	*1 20	*7 00	
Hudson .... "	9 08	2 23	*8 00	*10 46
AKRON ..... { ar	9 35	2 58	8 30	11 10
AKRON ..... { lv	9 35	2 58	8 30	11 10
Barberton.....	9 49	3 10	8 45	*11 30
ORRVILLE.... { ar	10 25	3 55	9 25	508
ORRVILLE.... { lv	10 30	3 55	9 35	a m
Millersburg.....	11 12	4 40	10 21	*6 46
Mt. Vernon.....	12 32	6 05	11 50	7 10
COLUMBUS..... ar	*1 50	*7 30	*1 20	*8 40
	p m	p m	a m	a m

Northbound.	607	689	503	607
	a m	a m	p m	p m
COLUMBUS..... lv	*12 40	*6 55	*12 05	*6 35
Mt. Vernon.....	2 25	8 28	1 30	7 10
Millersburg.....	3 55	9 4	2 44	*8 35
ORRVILLE ... { ar	4 45	10 30	3 33	508
ORRVILLE ... { lv	4 55	10 40	3 33	p m
Barberton.....	5 39	11 18	4 07	*4 00
AKRON .... { ar	5 55	11 38	4 26	4 17
AKRON .... { lv	6 05	11 38	4 26	4 17
Hudson.....	6 55	12 05	4 55	*4 43
CLEVELAND ..... ar	*7 30	1 05	*5 50	..
	a m	p m	p m	p m

Train for Warsaw, Trinway, Zanesville and intermediate stations on Dresden Branch leaves Millersburg, 11:12 a m week days.

*Every day †Week days only.

R. A. FORD Gen. Pass. Agt, Pittsburg, Pa.

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THE PRISONER DID NOT QUAIL.

He Laughed When the Crowd Talked Lynching.

BANTERED THEM TO USE ROPE.

Eli Brightman, a Tramp, Shoots John Riley, a Quarryman, at Warwick — Brightman Overpowered by the Man He Shot and Turned Over to a Crowd and Afterwards to the Law.

Eli Brightman, tramp, is under arrest, charged with shooting with intent to kill John Riley, quarryman, at Warwick, Saturday afternoon at 5 o'clock. Brightman was taken to Doylestown, where he waived examination before the mayor, and was bound over to the common pleas court of Wayne county. Brightman is 48 years old, and he says he is unmarried and originally lived in Hamilton county.

Brightman was in Warwick and vicinity all day Saturday He seemed to make trouble wherever he went Louis Werner ordered him out of his saloon to avoid a row. Brightman there had been quarreling with some glassblowers. Finally Brightman started out of town, walking up the C., L. & W. track. Just then James Riley, who lives along the track, started for his home also. Brightman thought Riley was following him. He claimed that when he would run Riley would run also, and that at last, Riley being almost upon him, he drew his revolver, and called upon him to stop. Riley kept coming steadily on. Then, Brightman says, he shot several times in the air, hoping to intimidate Riley, who, however, continued to come toward him. Brightman fired five shots, and it was the last one that struck Riley. Still Riley pursued him, and finally overtook him. Riley wrenched the revolver from the tramp's hand, and compelled him to accompany him back to Warwick, almost a mile. Brightman went along meekly. He could not understand such determination and insensibility to pain as this man with the bullet in his side showed.

Riley did not know that he had been shot till he reached Warwick. Then, chancing to open his coat, he saw the blood upon his garments. He turned his prisoner over to a party of men in a saloon, and he placed himself in the care of a surgeon, who was summoned from Clinton. The wound was found to be on the right side. The bullet lodged near the shoulder. Riley was later removed to Clinton. The surgeon says Riley's wound is serious, but thinks there is not much danger unless blood poisoning sets in.

When Brightman was turned over to the crowd, there were several cries of "Lynch him!" "String him up!" and others of the same kind. A wash-line was brought from a neighboring yard.

"What are you going to do with that?" asked the prisoner.

"We're going to use it on you," replied one of the men.

"I'm ready whenever you are. You haven't got nerve enough to lynch me. You wouldn't lynch a cat. You darsn't lynch me." And Brightman laughed. Then the rope was used to tie his hands and feet. The constable was called from Clinton, and he took the man to Doylestown.

Stories that reached Massillon of the affair Sunday were greatly exaggerated. That a murder and lynching had been committed at Warwick was the most popular one. Many people were attracted to the scene of the bloodshed. Brightman is confident that he will be acquitted at the trial. He declares that he shot in self-defense, and claimed that if he had cared to escape he could easily have done it while returning to Warwick with Riley. He does not admit that he felt any fear. He says he had been imposed upon at Warwick, and that he believed Riley was following him for an evil purpose.

ASTONISHING FIGURES.

Few people have any idea of the enormity of the insurance business of the United States. It not only exceeds that of any other country, but is twice as great as that of all of the rest of the world combined. At the present time there is in the United States about $12,000,000,000 of life insurance in force, including assessment business. This means over $160 for every man, woman and child in the country or $800 for every family. The annual risks written by the fire insurance companies are estimated at $20,000,000,000, which is $250 per capita, or $1,250 per family. Thus it will be seen that every family in the country, on an average, has insurance assets of over $2,000.—Leslie's Weekly.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Actions Begun in the Court of Common Pleas.

Canton, March 24.—Frank W. Miller and Morris W. Miller have begun an action in common pleas court against the Canton Buggy Company, a corporation under the laws of Ohio, William J. Piero, Julia Giessen, Harvey H. Miller and others. The plaintiffs ask for a dissolution of the company and the appointment of a receiver. They say that they are the owners of more than one-fifth of the paid up stock, and further state that the corporation is insolvent, and that the dissolution thereof will be beneficial to all of the stockholders; that the objects of the corporation, to-wit, the manufacture and sale of buggies and vehicles, have wholly failed and have been entirely abandoned, and that it is impracticable to attempt to continue the business.

John J. Wefler, as executor of the estate of John McIntosh, deceased, has begun action in common pleas court against Jacob M. McIntosh. Plaintiff, in his petition, says that on January 3, 1900, John McIntosh died, testate; that by the provisions of his will, real estate in Tuscarawas township, was given to Ann McIntosh, his widow, for the remainder of her natural life, and after her death to his eight children, jointly and equally, of whom the defendant is one, and thereby he became entitled to an undivided one-eighth interest in the premises. Plaintiff says Ann McIntosh still survives, and the defendant still owns an undivided one-eighth interest. Plaintiff further says that the defendant is indebted to him as executor in the aggregate sum of $4,730.80. Plaintiff prays that the amount due him in the premises be ascertained; that the defendants be ordered to pay the same in a short day, and in default thereof the one-eighth land interest be ordered sold, as upon execution, and the proceeds of the same be applied on the payment of the indebtedness. Attorney A. A. Thayer filed the petition.

Elizabeth Brun has begun an action against the Canton & Akron Railroad company for $3,000 damages for injuries alleged to have been sustained through the carelessness and negligence of the defendant company.

BURN THE PAST; MOVE ONWARD.

Vigorous Sermon Preached by Rev. Mr. Darsie.

PASTOR CHURCH OF CHRIST.

His First Appearance in a Massillon Pulpit—His Text Taken from Philippians—Says Man Should Always Keep Alive a Consciousness of Imperfection.

The Rev. George Darsie, jr., who has recently been called to the pastorate of the Church of Christ, preached his first sermon before that congregation Sunday morning. Mr. Darsie took his text from Philippians, third chapter, twelfth and thirteenth verses: "Not as though I had already attained, either were already perfect, but I follow after if that I may apprehend that for which I am apprehended for Christ Jesus. Brethren, I count not myself I have apprehended, but this one thing I do, forgetting those things which are behind, and reaching forth unto those things which are before."

Mr. Darsie said that a man's success, to some extent, depends upon his predecessors. Perfection of character every man should aim to attain, should cherish as the ambition of his life. He should always keep alive the consciousness of imperfection, fight off self-satisfaction, for self-satisfaction means the paralysis of all effort. The fact that man can go on to perfection is one of the grandest characteristics of human life, and the march to perfection should have the undivided attention. Don't look backward with pride. It is a good thing people do not turn to salt as they did in the days of Lot's wife, or there would be pillars at every hand. Burn the past. Don't go back, but onward.

Mr. and Mrs. Darsie are now at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Oberlin, with whom they will remain till they shall permanently take up their residence here. Their household effects will arrive this week from Connersville, Ind, where they formerly lived.

The Rev. Mr. Darsie is 32 years old. Mrs. Darsie was formerly Miss Clara White, of Belmont, O. Their marriage took place October 31, 1894. Mr. Darsie was born at Connellsville, Pa. He was educated at the state normal school at California, Pa., and at Bethany college, graduating from the latter institution in 1892. He has been in the ministry since January, 1893. He was pastor of the Fourth Street Christian church at Covington, Ky., before going to Connersville. Mr. Darsie comes of a family of ministers.

THE ENGINEERS HAVE WON.

Operators Finally Grant Them Shorter Workday.

SCALE $2.15, $1.90, $1.75.

Wages to be the Same as Paid at the Time When the Demand Was First Made—New Scale to Go Into Effect June 1—Conference Adjourns.

The joint conference of Massillon district operators, United Mine Workers and hoisting engineers, which has been in session here for the best part of ten days past, adjoined Monday, after granting the demand of the engineers for a shorter work day. By this agreement the engineers are to be divided into three grades. The first is to be the regular hoisting engineer, who is to have charge of the engine all the time the mine is in operation, though not to exceed ten hours. He is to receive $2.15 a day. The second engineer shall work eight hours and shall receive $1.90 a day. The third engineer shall work eight hours and shall receive $1.75 a day. These are the wages that were paid for twelve hours' work when the engineers first made their demand.

The scale is to go into effect June 1. The date of the scale was the only concession made the operators. The engineers wanted it to date from April 1, when the regular mining scale goes into effect. The operators still decline to recognize the United Mine Workers as authorized to act for the engineers. The engineers, however, say they will affiliate with the United Mine Workers more closely than ever. A meeting is to be held at East Greenville next Thursday evening, when the separate organization which the engineers have maintained, will be discontinued and each engineer will affiliate as an individual member of the United Mine Workers local union at the mine where he is employed. The engineers say that there is also to be a clause in their agreement with the operators whereby the latter are bound not to demand that the engineers hoist coal produced by non-union labor.

But two engineers are now employed at each mine, each working twelve hours. The day man receives $2.30 a day and the night man $2.05. These are the wages as raised a year ago, when a compromise was made in connection with the demand.

The one wage question remaining unsettled in the district is the machine mining scale for the Geis mine. This is to be settled by State President Haskins, of the miners' organization, and the operators.

District President Robert Legg, of the miners' organization, has just returned from Columbus. He says that the effect of the engineers' victory in the Massillon district will be national in extent. He expects the eight-hour day to become the general condition.

The picking mining scale for the district, which was held open pending the disposition of the engineers' question, was signed by both sides Monday, and will go into effect April 1.

THOUGHT IT A JOKE.

Charles Nichols Makes a Call and is Arrested.

Charles Nichols was before Mayor Wise Monday morning, charged with destroying property and disturbing the peace. Mrs. Annie Hall, of Richville avenue, was the prosecuting witness. She said Nicholls came to her home, Friday night, and finding the door locked, burst it in. Nichols, it appears, has lately been waiting on Miss Hall, a sister-in-law of Mrs. Hall. When he found the door locked, it was explained, he thought it was simply a joke, and was simply making known his presence when he accidentally fell against the glass part of the door and it gave way. He was discharged upon paying the costs and Mrs. Hall for the damage done.

PROF. KEMPER DEAD.

Lexington, Ky., March 24.—Prof. Chas. W. Kemper, of the University of Virginia, farmerly a member of the faculty of Kentucky University here, is dead, at Cuckoo, Va.

YOUR FAITH will be as strong as ours if you try
Shiloh's Consumption Cure
and ours is so strong we guarantee a cure or refund money, and we send you free trial bottle if you write for it. SHILOH'S costs 25 cents and will cure Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and all Lung Troubles. Will cure a cough or cold in a day, and thus prevent serious results. It has been doing these things for 50 years. S. C. WELLS & Co., Le Roy, N. Y.
Karl's Clover Root Tea corrects the Stomach

They Never Fail.
Splitting Headaches
cured speedily with no ill after effects, by
Clinic Headache Wafers
Absolutely harmless, easily taken, do not depress—act as a tonic on the heart.
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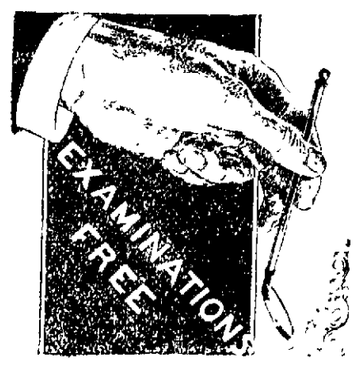
Try it today. One box will work wonders. Six boxes guaranteed to cure. All druggists, 50 cents or mailed on receipt of price. Write for free sample.
BAR-BEN Remedies Co., Cleveland, O.
For sale by J. M Schuckers and Rider & Snyder.

Real Estate Bulletin

20	lots on	S. Erie St.,	$400 to	$600
14	" "	Chester "	250 "	500
17	" "	Edwin "	200 "	450
18	" "	Dwight "	250 "	450
7	" "	George "	225 "	250
13	" "	Johnson St.	200 "	275
6	" "	Kent St.		300
18	" "	off Akron St		200
8	"	off Waechter St.	$150-	150

1 lot on East Oak Street.
Also lots on Woodland Ave., Pear St., Tremont St., Center and Superior St.
CASH OR EASY TERMS.
JAMES R. DUNN,
Over 50 S. Erie St.



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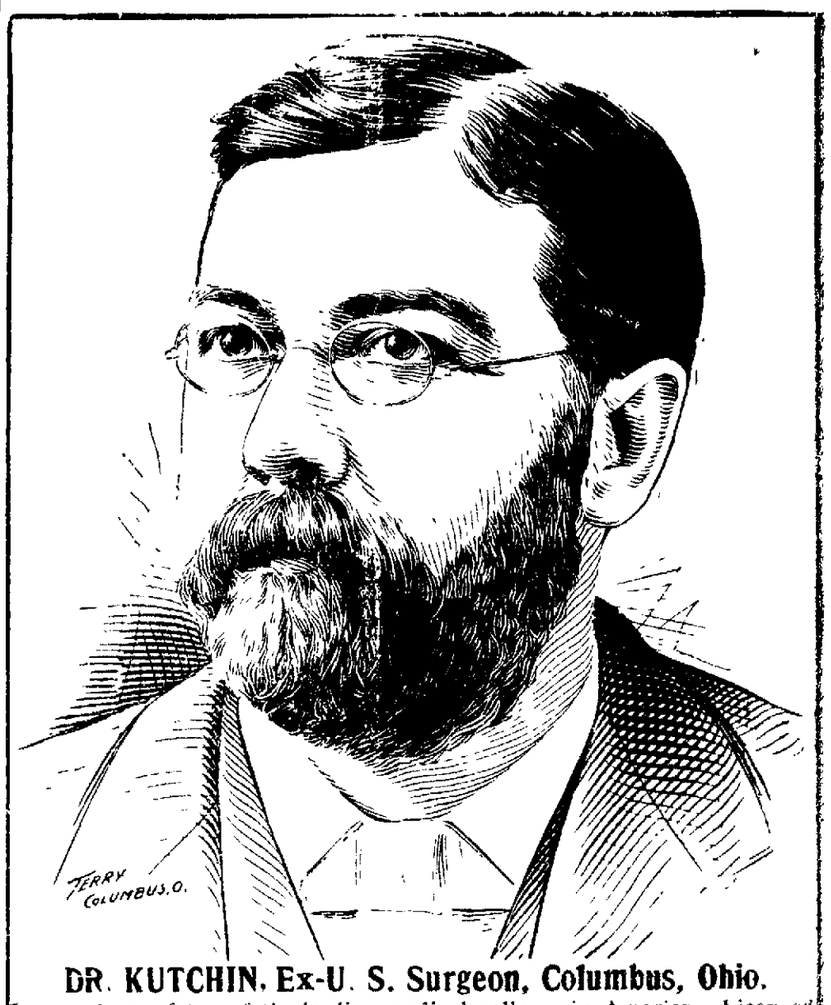

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Is a graduate of two of the leading medical colleges in America. Licensed by the State of Ohio.
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Recognized by the entire medical fraternity as the
LEADING AND MOST SUCCESSFUL SPECIALIST IN THE WORLD.
He cures sick men and women, and has an established reputation for honesty and reliability. He keeps his promises.
The Bible says "In the mouths of two or three witnesses shall every word be established." Here are several witnesses.
Dr. Kutchin has hundreds of such testimonials, but never publishes a name unless asked to do so. Read what these cured and happy people have to say.
WHY DON'T YOU SEE THE DOCTOR BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE?
SNATCHED FROM THE JAWS OF DEATH.
I was desperately ill for several years with Brights Disease of the Kidneys. I had as good doctors as I could get in this part of the country, but they did not help me. I was bloated so I could not walk; my feet were swollen so I could only wear a big pair of father's overshoes; I was almost blind, and the doctors gave me up to die.
My father took me to Dr. Kutchin, and while he would not promise to cure me he gave me treatment. I have doctored with him for 4 months. Now I can go any place and am improving so rapidly that I feel about as well as ever. I cheerfully recommend Dr. Kutchin. Will answer letters if stamp is enclosed. MRS. CHARLES VANNAYON
Rittman, Ohio
THIS FRENCHMAN'S EXPERIENCE IS GOOD READING.
Versailles, O April, 1901.
For seven years I never drew a well breath. I took Peruna and all the other patent medicines until I had enough bottles in my house to start a drug store. I tried seven or eight local doctors. Nothing ever helped me. Finally I went to see Dr. Kutchin, and he pronounced my disease Bronchial Catarrh. In three months I gained eighteen pounds. I am getting well as fast as a man can.
Dr. Kutchin is very reasonable in his charges and I would have saved hundreds of dollars if I had gone to him sooner. I advise all the sick to doctor with him, for they will never regret it. JOSEPH SAINTIGNON
CURED SEVEN YEARS AGO.
I was in deep trouble 7 years ago. In fact, I was about dead. I had a bad case of catarrh of the stomach and disease of the kidneys. I could not do a hour's work without playing out. I was bloated, nervous, sleepless, with pain in my back and a tired, all-in-a-heap feeling. I used to get up in the morning more tired than when I went to bed. No medicine helped me. I had often heard of Dr. Kutchin and I determined to go and see him. He took my case and cured me. I owe my life to him. This was six years ago. I keep well and strong. My advice to the sick is—go and see Dr. Kutchin. If he can't do you good he will tell you so. He is reliable in every way, and you can depend on him. I will answer letters enclosing stamp. H. G. APPLE
Cortland, O.
ONE PATENT WRITES.
"I was brought up on a farm, but at 20 was a nervous wreck. I was more dead than alive; gloomy, nervous, sunken eyes with dark circles; no ambition; cold hands and feet; memory poor, back weak; dragging feeling in loins; varicocele; palpitation of the heart, hair loose; pimples on face. My hollow cheeks, stooping form and despondent countenance revealed the blight of my existence. Doctors treated me for consumption, but did not help me. I was recomended by a friend to try Doctor Kutchin. His treatment made me a different man. I was radically and permanently cured. My nerves became strong—my blood pure—gained 19 pounds—eyes bright and cheerful—a new life opened up, and I felt myself a man in every respect mentally and physically."
The doctor has been visiting this county for eight years.
CONSULTATION, EXAMINATION AND ADVICE FREE AT
Hotel Conrad, Massillon, Thursday, Apr 10, 1902
ORRVILLE, MANSION HOUSE, TUESDAY, APRIL 15
Consultation, examination and advice FREE.
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Drop a quarter in "The Independent" Want Columns and get what you want.

THE BEE HIVE
Grand SPRING Opening
OF
Choicest Creations in Millinery.
Women's Ready-to-wear Garments.
Beautiful Rugs and Carpetings.
All the Season's New Things Over the Entire Store in all Departments.
Wednesday Evening, March 26th
Doors Will Open at 7:30.
There Will Be Music During the Evening.
Souvenirs Will Be Given to Our Vistors.
Everybody Will Be Very Welcome.
THE ALLMAN & PUTMAN CO.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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A HARVEST FOR THE PEOPLE.

QUICK WORK, PUSHING BUSINESS

with fresh energy. No matter what you buy you are certain to save to an appreciable amount. **Beginning on Saturday, March 29,** you will witness a Spring Demonstration, a Spring Sale of new, desirable merchandise at prices that will put to shame all previous efforts. To encourage you to visit our grand establishment, to see our new remodeled salesrooms, (6,800 square feet of floor space), we offer spring's choicest productions at absolute cost—every profit—every expense will be ignored. All departments have joined hands to make this the greatest and most successful spring opening ever attempted in Massillon. Read the prices carefully and bring this paper with you so that you get exactly what this advertisement calls for.

A Glittering Array of Unmatchable Bargains.

Men's $10 and $12 Cassimere Suits,
Men's $10 and $12 Worsted Suits
Men's $10 and $12 Serge Suits
$8.80

Men's $13 and $14 Tweed Suits,
Men's $13 and $14 Velour Suits,
Men's $13 and $14 Diagonal Suits
$10.00

These suits are in all wool fabrics are the finest suits, the best wearing suits, the best fitting suits, the latest fashioned suits, priced for this sale $8 80 and $10 00

300 Men's knock-about work Suits, all sizes at **$1.89**

29c For Men's or Boys' White Unlaundered Shirts linen bosom and cuffs, 36 inches long and have all the shirt improvements, former prices 50c and 75c

$2 29 For Big Boys' Suits, ages 10 to 19 years in neat spring patterns, light, medium and dark colors, cut in newest shapes, and worth $4 50

5c For Children's 25c Knee Pants, ages 4 to 13 fancy cottonades and Stripes.

$1 45 For Manly Vestee Suits, ages 3 to 10, fancy spring patterns for the little tots, bought to sell for $2 50, priced for this sale $1 45

48c Special Sale of Wilson Bros' and "Gold and Silver" Shirts, hundreds of fancy percales and madras cloths to select from, some with colored bosoms—a shirt that sells the world over for $1 00, in this sale 48c

5c For Men's Heavy Cotton Work Sox, glove fitting tops, seamless, the "Nelson" brand, only 5c.

7c Children's Fast Black Stockings, others claim are cheap at 10c, our price 7c, or **4 pairs for 25c.**

Extraordinary Prices for Men's and Boys' Pants

69c Men's Good, Strong, Cottonade Work Pants guaranteed not to rip, a $1 00 pant, now 69c.

65c Boys' Double Twilled Blue and Black Cheviot Pants, worth $1 25, priced for this sale 65c.

$2 90 Choice of 300 pairs Men's Fine Spring Pants in neat checks and stripes, the latest style material, new colors, and worth $4.00, cut to $2 90.

15c Ladies' Fancy Striped Stockings, seamless and worth 25c, in this sale 15c

13c Ladies' Fast Black Seamless stockings, lace effects, sold at 19c now 13c or **2 pairs 25c.**

15c Boys' and Children's Fancy Spring Caps, an immense variety to select from, regular 25c caps, in this sale 15c.

84c Your Choice from 189 Soft Hats in Tourist and Trooper styles, slightly soiled from handling not a hat in the lot worth less than $1 25, some as good as $2 50, your choice 84c.

25c For Children's Colored Dress Shirts, ages 3 to 9, fancy colored bosom shirts, worth 50c, out they go at 25c.

19c For Beautiful Effects in Easter Neckwear, Tecks and Bows, the usual 35c stuff, now 19c.

10c Change your sox, Men's Fancy Silk Clocked Sox, in stripes, plaids and polka dots, regular 15c goods, priced for this sale 10c, **3 pairs 25c.**

Here's Where Your Money Never Gives Out.

5c Men's Fine Suspenders, silkaline mixed webs, usual price 15c, yours for 5c.

13c Men's and Boys' Solid Black Work Shirts, all sizes, regular 25c shirts—Men's sizes **15c**, Boys' sizes 13c.

21c Men's Cloth Hats made up from remnants of fine piece goods, all colors and patterns—your size is here and worth 50c, to close quick 21c

Advance Sale of Spring Underwear,

15c Men's Jersey Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, medium weights, sold at 50c the suit, now **30c the suit, per garment 15c.**

50c Men's American Silk Underwear—all sizes up to 50, regular $1.00 underwear, priced for this sale 50c

29c For choice of 25 dozen men's fancy percale and madras shirts, some with two collars and cuffs to match, all sizes and sold at 50c, in this sale 29c.

45c For Boys' Jersey Ribbed Sweaters, spring weights, alternating red and blue stripes, 75c goods for 45c.

18c Men's and Boys' Rubber Collars, "Arlington" brand, any style you want—they're worth 25c, for two weeks 18c.

5c For Men's Linen Mixed Kerchiefs with fancy borders

5c Men's red, white of blue Kerchiefs, large sizes at **2 for 5c.**

No Old Relics. All 1902 Merchandise.

Bargains, Immense Bargains all through the Big New Anti-Trust Store. Premiums Free. Your money back quicker than a wink if not satisfied.

BLOOMBERG BROS.

Chas. L. Frantz, Mgr.
14 W. Main St.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat	76
Loose hay, per ton	$9 00-10
Bailed hay	10 11
Straw, per ton	$5 00 6 00
Corn	65 68
Oats	40 42
Clover Seed	5 00-5 50
Bran	1 15
Middlings	1 15
Salt, per barrel	$ 1 00
Timothy Seed	2 00-2 40
Rye, per bu	56
Barley	50
Flax seed	1 50
Wool	13-20
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, per bushel	70-80
Apples	1 25
Cabbage, doz	40
White beans	2 25
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY	
Butter	18 22
Eggs (fresh)	13
Live Spring Chickens, per lb	07
Chickens, dressed per lb	10 12
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Ham	11

Fine Farm Lands.

Wisconsin is noted for its fine crops, excellent markets, pure water and healthful climate.

You can buy a farm on easy terms in Wisconsin along the line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway for less than you can rent one for three years in any of the Eastern states. Now is the time to invest.

Address F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, Chicago, Ill.

C&B LINE

CLEVELAND ...AND... BUFFALO "WHILE YOU SLEEP"

UNPARALLELED NIGHT SERVICE. NEW STEAMERS "CITY OF BUFFALO" AND "CITY OF ERIE" both together being without doubt in all respects the finest and fastest that are run in the interest of the traveling public in the United States.

TIME CARD
DAILY INCLUDING SUNDAY

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Cleveland	8 P.M.	Buffalo	6:30 A.M.
Buffalo	8 "	Cleveland	6:30 "

Special Daylight Trips Every Saturday commencing July 12th to August 30th inclusive

Leave Buffalo 8 A.M. Arrive Cleveland 6 P.M.
" Cleveland 8 " " Buffalo 6 "

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.
ORCHESTRA ACCOMPANIES EACH STEAMER

Connections made at Buffalo with trains for all Eastern and Canadian points, at Cleveland for Toledo Detroit and all points West and Southwest

Ask ticket agents for tickets via C & B Line Send four cents for illustrated pamphlet SPECIAL LOW RATES CLEVELAND TO BUFFALO AND NIAGARA FALLS EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT ALSO BUFFALO TO CLEVELAND

W. F. HERMAN, General Passenger Agent, CLEVELAND O

Career and Character of Abraham Lincoln.

An address by Joseph Choate, ambassador to Great Britain, on the career and character of Abraham Lincoln—his early life—his early struggles with the world—his character as developed in the later years of his life and his administration, which placed his name so high on the world's roll of honor and fame, has been published by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway and may be had by sending six (6) cents in postage to F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

The young man who wants eve y late kink in his suit, will find what he wants here. Goodhart.

TONSILINE
CURES
SORE THROAT

WE want to so impress upon your mind the above fact, that when you or yours have Sore Throat you will at once think of Tonsiline as the one cure which never fails. Sore Mouth, Croup and Quinsy are just as quickly cured by

TONSILINE

25C AND 50C. ALL DRUGGISTS.
THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

I SEE YOUR EYES NEED ATTENTION!

$500.00 reward will be given if our testimonials are not found absolutely true.
DR. CLOUSE

TESTIMONIALS:

Thanks to Dr. Clouse. He restored my sight. "I was blind but now I see." Dr. Clouse, specialist of Canton, Ohio, who is at the Conrad hotel each Tuesday, restored the sight of my left eye which had been blind for several years. I am 72 years old and can see again as when young.
MRS JOHN OSTHEIMER,
84 W Main St, Massillon, Ohio.

Three years ago my eyes were in such a bad condition that I was very afraid of losing my sight. They continued to get worse until I was obliged to quit work. I was unable to get relief until I placed myself under the care of Dr Clouse, specialist, of Canton, Ohio, who gave me a course of treatment and fitted me with glasses. I soon began to improve, and have had the best of vision and now, three years later would advise all parties having eye trouble to consult Dr Clouse at once.
WATSON McCOY
West Main St, Massillon, Ohio

Dr. Clouse, Specialist, restored the sight of my right eye by an operation after other doctors had given it up.
ALBERT CLOUSER, New Berlin, O.

Dr Clouse, Specialist, operated on a crooked eye for my daughter, which is now perfectly straight.
J. S. KIDDEY, Canton, Ohio.

Dr. Clouse, Specialist, saved an eye for me three years ago, after a number of doctors, including a specialist of Cleveland, wanted to remove it, and it has given me no trouble since.
AUSTIN KOEHN, Canton, Ohio.

My son having deafness and discharging of the ears for a long time, was cured by Dr. Clouse, Specialist.
MRS. DEVARNEY, Canton, Ohio.

My Dear Dr. Clouse: The glasses you fitted me with are delightful. I thank you for the good you did me in various ways. With best wishes for your success.
REV. J. V. UPDIKE, Evangelist.

Dear Dr. Clouse: I desire to again thank you for the good you did me for the nose and throat, and ridding me of Hell on Earth. God bless you for it. You have been to me more than a physician and brother.
REV. WM. KEPLER, Ph D.

Having had deafness and discharging of the ears for more than a year I then had my hearing fully restored and all discharges removed by taking a course of treatment of Dr. Clouse.
CLINTON STARNER, Canton, Ohio.

DR. CLOUSE, SPECIALIST,

HOME OFFICE—302 N. CLEVELAND AVE., COR. FOURTH ST. CANTON, O.

Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs and all Chronic Diseases.

Glasses Fitted for a short time at Greatly Reduced Prices Work Guaranteed for one year

Will be in Massillon, at the Conrad, Each Tuesday, [illegible] p m

Each Tuesday, Same Hours. ALL EXAMINATIONS FREE.

J. R. OPPENHEIMER'S Doors Will Be Permanently CLOSED IN MASSILLON

After 30 years of Successful Merchandising: he Quits the Clothing Business here. All his remaining Stocks and fixtures have been purchased by the

BOSTON SALVAGE CO., OF BOSTON, MASS.

Who will close out their entire remaining stock, together with stocks previously bought at less than manufacturers' cost, which will be shipped in and opened up and marked in plain figures to be sold at retail at positively no deviation from marked prices in any instance **This rule will positively be observed.**

All past sales dwarfed into insignificance—all present sales as myths compared with the prices and qualities ruling during the great and only actual bonafide

SALVAGE SALE, BEGINNING

SATURDAY MARCH 29.

No one will be Admitted to the Building Until 8 o'clock, Saturday, March 29.

All stocks will be reticketed and remarked with the lowest price ever offered to the buying public of this section. Come during this Sale. Wait for us. Take advantage of the one opportunity to purchase Seasonable Well Made, Properly Styled CLOTHING, HATS and FURNISHING GOODS at from

25 to 33c on the Dollar.

Don't confound this sale with any so-called Salvage Sale that has ever been held in Massillon in past history. NO DISAPPOINTMENTS. NO EMPTY CLAIMS, but actual sacrificed bargains never before offered, and never again to be duplicated.

Don't be skeptical, don't be buldozed by false information. This is not our first sale of the kind. Its our bsuiness to buy and sell stocks for firms wanting to get out of business at once. We must have the crowds to sell quickly. Prices are so low that every purchaser will be delighted. Every dollar spent here during this sale will be more than a dollar saved on each purchase.

20 Salesmen and Salesladies to Wait on You.

Remember, every dollar's worth of this Stock must and will be sold. You can't resist the goods and prices, If you'll come to investigate.

Our Store will be Closed Monday, March 24, until Sat. March 29,

Money Returned for any Purchase if Not as Represented.

Look for the Big Sign on the front of the building. Remember the place, J. R. Oppenheimer's Stand, 26 South Erie Street. Remember the Date, Saturday, March 29, at 8. o'clock. (See Hand Bills for Prices.

BOSTON SALVAGE CO.,

Slaughter Sale, Massillon, Ohio.

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